



RP7 – NIE Networks Price Control 2025-2031

Draft Determination Annex T Business Plan Assessment NIE Networks November 2023



About the Utility Regulator

The Utility Regulator is the economic regulator for electricity, gas and water in Northern Ireland. We are the only multi-sectoral economic regulator in the UK covering both energy and water.

We are an independent non-ministerial government department and our main duty is to promote and protect the short- and long-term interests of consumers.

Our role is to make sure that the energy and water utility industries in Northern Ireland are regulated, and developed within ministerial policy, as set out in our statutory duties.

We are governed by a Board of Directors and are accountable to the Northern Ireland Assembly.

We are based at Queens House in Belfast. The Chief Executive and two Executive Directors lead teams in each of the main functional areas in the organisation: CEO Office; Price Controls, Networks and Energy Futures; and Markets and Consumer Protection.







Abstract

This document provides an explanation of the process the Utility Regulator has used in assessing the Business Plan of NIE Networks along with consideration of the quality of the Business Plan. Detail is provided to support the score awarded to NIE Networks by the UR on the overall quality of the submission.

Audience

This document is made specifically for NIE Networks.

Consumer impact

Given the nature of the assessment, this information is unlikely to have a direct monetary consumer impact. NIE Networks will be able to use this feedback to improve future communications with both the UR and consumers.





Contents

Executive Summary1		
2		
4		
8		
8		



Executive Summary

Business Plan Assessment for NIE Networks

NIE Networks was asked to make a Self-Assessment of its Business Plan and indicated that it was Exceptional. NIE Networks' Business Plan provided wellevidenced rationale with 134 supplementary papers that set out its proposed services and activities for RP7 in an accessible way. The value this work will generate for consumers however could be clearer within the Business Plan. Further information would be required to justify the proposed services, with more reason for the proposed increases in expenditure, and importantly, what value it will all generate for consumers. This has led to a number of queries being issued to NIE Networks as part of the UR analysis of the submitted business plan.

The plan proposes a step change in network investment with an increase in these costs of over £500m in RP7. The plan also details delivery of an increase to Digital & IT staff resources as well as an explanation of how workforce resilience will be improved. NIE Networks' level of external engagement has been extensive, and they have demonstrated how they have covered off views from a wide variety of stakeholders. The business plan gives good detail on the feedback NIE Networks has received from ongoing engagement activities, and how this feedback has informed its plans for RP7. The plan could have been strengthened with more clarity on how engagement with consumers and stakeholders has influenced their Business Plan submission. NIE Networks have provided explanations of how they will ensure that their services deliver the right outcome, or where enhancements could be made, and have made clear where sections of their Business Plan have been shaped by their stakeholder and consumer engagement.

Reasonable endeavours have been made to forecast for key activities and considerations have been made for specific market indicators that will affect opex and capex forecasts. NIE Networks' RP6 performance report was clear and succinct, providing a strong overview of the key outcomes from the RP6 period. NIE Networks' public facing document was professionally presented and of good quality. NIE Networks also submitted their Data Assurance Plan which describes the arrangements in place to ensure that the data and reports used by the company are managed and assessed in terms of data quality and assurance.

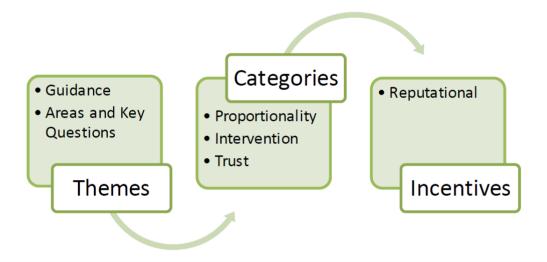
Within our lessons learned process we will review the questions asked for the Business Plan Assessment process.

To receive a future equivalent rating for the next Price Control Business Plan we would expect to see further improvements

Overall, the NIE Networks business plan received a rating of Good.

1. RP7 Business Plan Assessment

- 1.1 One of our aims for RP7 is that NIE Networks should produce a high quality, well evidenced business plan which can be accepted following limited scrutiny.
- 1.2 When we set out our approach to RP7, we signalled that we planned to carry out an assessment of the RP7 Business Plan submission. We committed to discuss further with NIE Networks and then provide more detailed guidance on our expectations for the Business Plan submission including a list of test questions for NIE Network to answer ensuring they are addressing these within their submission.
- 1.3 In the last price control for SONI, and then again more recently in the GD23 price control, we established a process of Business Plan Assessment. The assessment was structured around key questions to be asked of the business plan submissions. The questions were grouped around key areas, or 'themes'.
- 1.4 A draft business plan assessment structure was included in the initial approach document published in March 2022. This was followed with the same structure being included in the final approach document published in July 2022. A final version of the business plan assessment document was issued in August 2022 as Annex 4 of the Information Requirements.
- 1.5 The assessment considers how NIE Networks has performed in relation to the established criteria. This section of the document is our assessment of the Business Plan as part of our draft determination. We extend this approach to other network sectors providing a consistent comparative assessment of all network companies.
- 1.6 Our approach consists of areas which we will review ('themes') and categories we will consider. Our view on the quality of NIE Networks' business plan is based upon this. The illustration below summarises the process and key features of the approach.



- 1.7 In coming to our view, we have received and taken on board helpful input and suggestions from the SONI Business Plan Assessment as published in its Draft Determination, as well as those of the more recent GD23 Business Plan Assessments in its Draft Determination.
- 1.8 We consider that our view provides a picture of our expectations of what is important. NIE Networks' business role, services and activities should be well aligned with the interests of customers, consumers, other stakeholders and the wider energy system. We consider that the categorisation, when coupled with our framework and other expectations/guidance on business plans:
 - allow NIE Networks to take ownership of its plan. It should also be answerable to stakeholders for what follows from it.
 - clarifies that lesser regulatory intervention can be expected in the NIE Networks business plan if it is of higher quality.
 - gives NIE Networks greater opportunity to shape its role over the price control period, what activities and level of service is funded through the price control, and aspects of the regulatory framework.
 - clarifies that there will be a higher degree of trust in NIE Networks if its business plan is of higher quality.

Theme areas

- 1.9 As we indicated, the themes provide a strong basis for us to provide clear regulatory expectations and policy priorities.
- 1.10 They also help us to work out how and where we dedicate assessment time when we receive the business plan from the NIE Networks. We expect that

these features will be important given the time constraints involved in the price control process.

- 1.11 The themes have been structured according to three areas:
 - Service contribution to good outcomes
 - Services and costs
 - Trust in delivery
- 1.12 In relation to the number and type of theme areas, we were conscious of balancing the need of having enough distinct areas of key importance, whilst ensuring there are not too many such that overall focus is diminished. We also recognise that, such is the cross-cutting nature of a price control and the way businesses function, there will be links across many of the different theme areas.
- 1.13 We have designed areas to take account of linkages, as far as is practicable and where we feel it is important to do so. We have also taken account of issues which we feel are specific to NIE Networks and which reflect some of our policy priorities. However, we have done so to allow our approach to be sufficiently generic in many cases, so that it could also be applied to other sectors and price controls.
- 1.14 We feel that our view provides a picture of our expectations of what is important. In coming to our view, we have received and taken on board helpful input and suggestions from the SONI Business Plan Assessment as well as the more recent GD23 Business Plan Assessments.
- 1.15 We provided guidance for what would be an exceptional business plan, along with the accompanying questions for NIE Networks to answer in preparing its business plan. These are listed for completeness and ease of reference below. We expect these to be instructive to NIE Networks but leave enough flexibility for them to take ownership for their business plan. We reserve our right to consider different factors where necessary.

Categories

- 1.16 Our business plan assessment is built up from the categorisation below for each of the theme areas. This is structured around a number of questions, which we ask when assessing the quality of the business plan submission.
- 1.17 These are grouped under three key themes and test areas which are set out below:

- Theme 1 Service contribution to good outcomes.
 - Test 1: Delivering value for money for Consumers.
- Theme 2 Services and costs.
 - Test 2: Delivering services and outcomes.
 - Test 3: Aligning Risk and Return.
- Theme 3 Trust in delivery
 - Test 4: Engaging customers, consumers and other stakeholders.
 - Test 5: Ensuring resilience.
 - Test 6: Accounting for past delivery.
- 1.18 The following changes to test areas should be noted in the final version of the business plan assessment categories. These amendments were communicated in August 2022, included in Annex 4 of the Information Requirements. The test areas no longer included were:
 - one test area from Theme 2 was removed, 'Securing cost-efficiency and managing uncertainty'.
 - one test area from Theme 3 was removed, 'Securing confidence and assurance'.

The reason for these changes was to streamline the overall assessment process by including less questions than had been asked on previous price controls.

- 1.19 NIE Networks business role, services and activities should be well aligned with the interests of customers, consumers, other stakeholders and the wider energy system. We feel that the categorisation, when coupled with our framework and other expectations/guidance on business plan:
 - allows NIE Networks to take ownership of its plan. NIE Networks should also be answerable to stakeholders for what follows from it.
 - clarifies that lesser regulatory intervention can be expected in the NIE Networks business plan if it is of higher quality.
 - gives NIE Networks greater opportunity to shape its role over the price control period, what activities and level of service is funded through the price control, and aspects of the regulatory framework.

• clarifies that there will be a higher degree of trust in NIE Networks if its business plan is of higher quality.

Test Areas	Questions	
Test 1: Delivering value for money for Consumers	Q1. How well has the company demonstrated that its proposed services and tariffs requested for RP7 provide value for money?	
Test 2: Delivering services and outcomes.	Q2. To what extent has the company set out and clearly described, in an accessible way, the full range of services that it proposes to provide?	
Test 3: Aligning risk and	Q3. To what extent has the company explained and justified its proposed Rate of Return?	
return.	Q4. What confidence has the company given about its financial resilience under its business plan proposals?	
	Q5. What is the quality of the company's engagement?	
Test 4: Engaging customers, consumers and other stakeholders.	Q6. How well has the company demonstrated that findings from its engagement have been incorporated into its business plan proposals?	
	Q7. How well has the company demonstrated that its engagement will be incorporated into ongoing activities?	
Test 5: Ensuring resilience.	Q8. How well has the company demonstrated an understanding of the range of risks that could impact on its delivery, service quality, performance, viability and costs?	
Test 6: Accounting for past delivery.	Q9. How well has the company given evidence for, and explained, its performance over the RP6 period?	

1.20 The questions within each test area are set out in Table 1.1 below.

 Table 1.1: Areas and their respective questions.

1.21 We set out our categorisation expectations in Table 1.2 below.

Categories	Features
A: Exceptional	Exceptional and stretching business plan.
	Excellent responses across most test areas.
	Limited regulatory intervention to translate to price control package.
	Relatively high degree of trust in company.
B: Good	Good plan but falling short of being an exceptional and stretching plan.
	Excellent responses in some test areas.
	Some regulatory intervention and therefore less trust than category A.
C: Meeting Basic Expectations	Plan does not evidence how best to serve customers and stakeholders.
	Significant concerns and lack of excellent responses across all test areas.
	Extensive regulatory intervention and therefore less trust than category B.
D: Poor	Self-serving business plan with poor responses in multiple test areas.
	Extensive regulatory intervention to translate to price control package.
	Severe concerns about company's ability to deliver outcomes for stakeholders and consumers.
	Requirement for detailed monitoring of company during the price control period.

Table 1.2: Business plan categorisation expectations

NIE Networks Self-Assessment

- 1.22 We also asked NIE Networks to complete a self-assessment against the criteria set out below as part of their business plan submissions:
 - A brief statement setting out how NIE Networks has approached delivering an exceptional business plan in each theme area.
 - A reference to the key documentation in the business plan, which provides the supporting evidence to these statements.
- 1.23 From a presentational perspective, NIE Networks opted for a range of file formats to present the information, from spreadsheet to MS Word based.
- 1.24 This in turn provided for a range of lengths, amounts of detail and background and associated text in the self-assessment submissions.
- 1.25 For future price control processes, we are open to discussing the pros and cons of different approaches to the self-assessment area with the NIE Networks. For example, continuing with the current approach which gives NIE Networks some flexibility in presentation, or in agreeing a more uniform approach across the industry.
- 1.26 NIE Networks were asked to make a Self-Assessment of their business plan. It was not clear within their Business Plan Assessment submission how they had rated each Test Area. Test Areas 1 and 2 were rated 'Exceptional', Test Areas 3 to 6 were not clearly rated so this was clarified within the subsequent query process. NIE Networks indicated that every area of their respective plan was at the Exceptional level.

UR Assessment

1.27 We have reviewed the NIE Networks business plan including the selfassessment and have made our own assessment of the submission made to us. In the tables below, we set out our assessment for NIE Networks' business plan, by the structured questions we had previously provided to them.

Question 1: How well has the company demonstrated that its		Score
proposed services and tariffs requested for RP7 provide value for money?		Meeting Basic Expectations
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of Assessme	ent
	NIE Networks' business plan provided well-eviden supporting papers, with particular reference made 'Chapter 2: Executive Summary', 'Chapter 6: Our 0 'Chapter 7: Our Business Plan in Detail'.	to this question to:
	Throughout its business plan, NIE Networks prese savings (0.8% per annum) which deliver in the reg the period. The productivity challenge is not unrea precedent. NIE Networks also helpfully provide a RP7 investment.	jion of £100m saved over sonable given regulatory
	Within 'Chapter 14: Impact on Customers' Bills', N anticipated growth in electricity sales will put down charges which in real terms are projected to be £1 household over the RP7 period.	ward pressure on network
This is an overarching	Despite the positives, there are some key areas or benefit from further development. These include the	
question that brings together different elements of the business plan.	In relation to IT: There is low confidence in cost pr For example the number of requested reopeners i implementation indicates NIE Networks' low confid forecast and/or control costs in this area.	n the SAP HANA
The plan offers an exceptional and compelling proposition overall.	Efficiency: Whilst claiming to be one of the most efficient DNOs, consumers will not receive the full benefit of this. NIE Networks are proposing a significant baseline uplift for indirect and IMFT costs due to increased workload and changing input prices. Further explanation of the scale and the justification for this is required.	
There must be a clear need or rationale	Network Investment: The proposed rate of increas materially above GB DNO levels. The reason for t further explanation however there is useful detail of investments.	he differential requires
expressed for any proposed changes to costs/activities for RP7.	Workforce Resilience: The price control does not s staff numbers. However, the business plan has ma increase in Full-Time Equivalent employees (FTEs increase is lacks detail or support for the positions	ade much of the forecast s). Justification for this
	Performance: Targets for customer minutes lost (C challenging given the step up in investment and R Proposals for worst served customer (WOC) metri	P6 performance.
	Innovation: Accept the need for proposals for inve however, the framework suggested appears asym the full costs whilst only retaining part of the benef NIE Networks should innovation trials not succeed heightened by the 'light touch' regulatory approval	metric as customers bear iits. There is no penalty for d. Consumer risk is further
	Tariffs: The tariff impact claimed is heavily depend increasing and yet consumption remaining the sar the demand uncertainty, it would also have been e modelling of tariff impacts could have been preser clarifying impact if demand rises do not materialise customers a holistic view on the risk they are unde investments.	me as present levels. Given expected that further nted in the business plan e. This would give

Table 1.3: Question 1

Question 2: To what extent has the company set out and clearly described, in an accessible way, the full range of services that it proposes to provide.		Score Good
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of Assessment	
The plan should include any services provided by NIE Networks to its customers.	NIE Networks' Business Plan commentary, supported by 134 supplementary papers, sets out its proposed services and activities for RP7 in a moderately accessible way. The business plan submitted to Utility Regulator was comprehensive. It was useful for the purpose of the Utility Regulator being able to analyse all submitted details and data.	
Focus on services rather than simply activities.		
Clear and comprehensive explanation of what services are covered by NIE Networks control, and what activities of the company fall outside its scope.	 This question was covered mainly in 'Chapter 6: Our Commitments for RP7'. NIE Networks set out and described the key services, outputs and/or outcomes that they plan to deliver on during RP7. The engagement with stakeholders was detailed clearly. There was a specific and targeted focus on vulnerable customers. The full Business Plan Report was available on the NIE Networks website and was the same as the version submitted to UR. The publicly available business plan for consumers and stakeholders was also provided online in a shortened version as a summary report. It provided an easier to digest overview for consumers and stakeholders. The same web page also provided the RP7 Business Plan Stakeholder Report. 	
Accessible explanations of NIE Networks services which are tailored for different audiences (e.g. domestic energy consumers).		
A high-degree of granularity provided in the explanation of proposed services.		
A focus on the services that NIE Networks provides to vulnerable consumers.	The submission does not focus or focus on activities. NIE Networks do not take centre stage in the do	services are mentioned but
Demonstrate that have a plan in place to check/verify delivery of the right outcome.	ce In order to be exceptional future submissions should in more on services.	

Table 1.4: Question 2

Question 3: To what extent has the company explained and justified		Score
its proposed Rate of Return.		Good
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of As	sessment
Response should include explanation of its proposed mix of equity and debt finance.	NIE Networks provided a well pres analysis on Rate of Return in 'Cha Plan', supported by the accompar Economics 'Cost of Capital for RP	apter 13: Financing the lying report from Frontier
Fresh perspective on Rate of Return, with clear and comprehensive explanation of assumptions.	Queries have been required to further understand the proposed mix of debt and equity finance, which assumes a significant increase in notional gearing level from that used in RP6 and to draw out the company position on equity injection.	
Evidence that proposed Rate of Return structure has been tested against possible alternatives, taking account of cost to customers and other factors.	While evidence was provided on t range the conclusion to use the hi benefited from further explanation above recent regulatory preceden	gh point would have and was significantly
Well-presented and understandable supporting analysis as part of the submission.	Further evidence could have been provided to test the impact of cost to customers across the range of rate of return values.	
	In order to be exceptional future s more evidence and explanation.	ubmissions should provide

Table 1.5: Question 3

Question 4. What confidence has the company given shout its		Score
Question 4: What confidence has the company given about its financial resilience under its business plan proposals?		Meeting basic expectations
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of As	sessment
The plan should include explanation of how planned financial structure differs from assumed notional efficient financial structure.	The supporting report for Frontier Economics provides a good analysis of financeability along with sensitivities.	
It should include similar scenario risk analysis as used for notional efficient licensee.	The sensitivities show no acute risks to notional financeability. We note Frontier Economics state the notional company is just financeable at investment grade.	
Clear explanation of planned financial structure for 2024-30 period. High-quality scenario analysis and	Confidence levels on financial resilience are therefore a concern and in line with comments in response to Q3 above, further evidence could have been provided on alternative gearing levels in particular.	
stress-testing.	In order to be exceptional future s	ubmissions should provide
Strong evidence of financial resilience under planned financial structure.	In order to be exceptional future submissions should provide more evidence and explanation.	

Table 1.6: Question 4

Question 5: What is the quality of the company's engagement?		Score
Question 5. What is the quality of the company's engagement?		Exceptional
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of Assessment	
Engagement expected to include, but not be limited to: • Customers • Suppliers • Consumer representatives • Environmental stakeholders • NI Government	In 'Chapter 5: Developing the Plar Business Plan, NIE Networks prov stakeholder engagement journey detailed the ongoing role of the Co Advisory. NIE Networks' level of e extensive, and they have demons covered off views from a wide var including consumer focus groups RP6. NIE Networks have stated t basis for the building of the RP7 b	vide an explanation of their during RP6. This also onsumer Engagement and ongagement has been trated how they have iety of stakeholders throughout the period of hat this has been used as a
In each case, engagement should recognise diversity within each broad category and develop engagement to accommodate this.	In addition to its business plan, NI an accompanying paper 'RP7 Sta out the approach to stakeholder e received from different stakeholder have taken as a result at a high le stakeholders an opportunity to pro initial RP7 high level business pla	keholder Response'. It sets ngagement, the feedback er groups and the actions vel. The consultation gave ovide their views on the n. The consultation asked a
Demonstrates a clear understanding of different consumer and other stakeholders to engage with and the issues which are likely to matter most to them, and how engagement can be used effectively across the plan.	series of questions to obtain feedby targeted engagement and the offer to provide discussion/clarity and h NIE Networks demonstrated exce specifically offering to engage sep Protection Advisory Group (CPAG recognised the resource constrain	er of 1:1 with stakeholders elp incorporate their views. Ilent engagement initiatives parately with the Consumer 6) and its members. They its of such organisations
Excellent engagement initiatives across a range of diverse consumer groups and other stakeholders, using a variety of approaches.	and offered the option of taking ver- to ensure the views of these cons- It demonstrated their clear unders stakeholder groups and how they and the likely issues they may prio diversity of engagement needed.	umer bodies were captured. tanding of different might engage with them pritise - recognising the
Engagement tailored to the NIE Networks services, but drawing on tools and approaches from other regulated sectors and elsewhere.	stakeholders to engage with them engaged across a wide variety inc categories listed for exceptional.	on the consultation. They
Engagement targeted and proportionate, which provides a platform for future improvements during the 2024-30 control period and	It should however be highlighted t included in the consultation were in that there would be no increase in impacted views.	not explicit and indicated
for the subsequent control period. Plan(s) of how the engagement will be used to bring into effect the changes/improvements that will result in better service.	As highlighted above, NIE Networks consulted on their initia outline plans for RP7, in October 2022. They have included as part of the RP7 submissions, a summary of the findings from the consultation, 'RP7 Stakeholder Response'. This report provides an overview of the responses and that the feedback was overall in broad agreement with NIE Network proposals. However, there should be a clear link or narrative as how this feedback was integrated into the RP7 final plan and this could have been clearer from an UR perspective.	

Table 1.7: Question 5

Question 6: How well has the company demonstrated that findings		Score
from its engagement have been incorporated into its business plan proposals?		Good
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of As	sessment
	NIE Networks are engaging with v stakeholders are saying and have has informed its plans for the RP7 NIE Networks consider that they h leading standard of customer and throughout RP6, and all throughout	e detailed how this feedback ' period. have demonstrated a class- stakeholder engagement ut the process of developing
The plan should make clear how sections of business have been informed and improved by consumer and other stakeholder engagement, and the company should provide a clear explanation of this.	the RP7 plan. There is no doubt the demonstrated ongoing and extensis stakeholders. This has been targed the type of stakeholder in terms of engaged with them and how they what their priorities were. They we their consultation on the Business and ensure they obtained as much possible and engaged directly with this.	sive engagement with eted and taken account of f how NIE Networks obtained their views and ere very proactive following F Plan in October 2022 to try h stakeholder feedback as
The plan should include a clear mapping of how its proposals have been shaped by engagement, along with compelling evidence that engagement has made a real difference, in a way that will improve outcomes.	NIE Networks have stated that the views to directly influence their ov challenge their performance and o stakeholder concerns and prioritie predictions in the Energy Strategy pump uptake during RP7 have inf for the improvement of the networ based on stakeholder feedback.	erall business strategy, develop plans to address es. An example includes the regarding EV and heat ormed NIE Networks plans
A plan should recognise the benefits and drawbacks of evidence gathered from different types of engagement and clearly demonstrate sound judgement in using engagement to inform the plan.	The submission discusses how er was frequent and influenced and a Networks stated that the engagen identify priority areas. An example CEAP and engagement that they level of digital exclusion in NI. This well how they might enhance cust RP7 being mindful of the digitally also highlighted how important ne energy users and this was reflected incorporated into ongoing activitie	shaped the RP7 Plan. NIE nent was used to help highlighted was through became aware of the high- s shaped engagement as comer contact throughout excluded. This engagement twork resilience is to major ed in the plan and
	It could be more explicit in terms of and engagement was mapped act as a whole.	



Question 7: How well has the company demonstrated that its		Score
engagement will be incorporated into ongoing activities?		Good
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of As	sessment
	NIE Networks have, in 'Chapter 2 out their approach to meeting the including their vision of customer Our Commitments for RP7', NIE N detail their commitments for RP7, incorporate their engagement with stakeholders into ongoing activitie	needs of customer, experience. In 'Chapter 6: Networks have set out in including how they will n customers and wider
Plans should include explanations of how engagement has been used in the past and commitments for the incorporation of engagement as part of plans for the future.	The submission discusses how er was frequent and influenced and a Networks stated that the engagen identify priority areas. An example CEAP and engagement that they level of digital exclusion in NI. Thi well as how they might enhance of RP7 being mindful of the digitally also highlighted how important ne energy users and this was reflected incorporated into ongoing activitie	shaped the RP7 Plan. NIE nent was used to help highlighted was through became aware of the high- s shaped engagement as sustomer contact throughout excluded. This engagement twork resilience is to major ed in the plan and
The plan should give confidence that engagement with consumer and other stakeholders lies at the heart of the company's approach to providing services. The plan should examine: the frequency of engagement, looking at how often it was reviewed; the quality, looking at what type/depth of engagement and its audience; the output, looking at what evidence was gathered and analysed from engagement; and the outcome, looking at what has been put in place to ensure better services and appropriate protections.	incorporated into ongoing activitie NIE Networks have shown how ac system approach can be implement have also advocated for the introo NIE Networks have set out how the with UR and CCNI via the Consur Panel (CEAP), to ensure appropria are set to track delivery against continuative Performance Framework mechanism which will have a species service quality. The level and type determined through CEAP and wit continuation of this (which delivery engagement) it appears the intent continue on the work which was continue on the work which was continue on the work which was continue to the requirements/real Best Practice Framework which h consumers and other stakeholder approach to delivering services. The committed to the requirements/real Best Practice Framework which h consumers and how they are engly Vulnerable Customer Strategy the engagement with this category of increasing the numbers on their continue the numbers on their continues on the since the state type of engagement this isn't exply how it will be incorporated/actiones submission.	ctionable data and a whole ented. In this regard they duction of smart metering. ney will continue to engage mer Engagement Advisory ate targets and measures ommitments during RP7. on during RP7 of an ork (EPF) incentive cific focus on customer e of engagement is usually th their commitment to the ed frequent quality twill be to build and arried out during RP6. nee that engagement with s is in the companies They have explicitly commendations in the URs as a focus on vulnerable aged with. Through ey are increasing their consumer as well as ritical care register.

Table 1.9: Question 7

Question 8: How well has the compan		Score
understanding of the range of risks th service quality, performance, viability		Good
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of As	sessment
		sessment Dur Business Plan In cal approaches employed RP7 plan based on nd analysis. h' NIE Networks discuss plan, the IT programme eparate supporting papers iverability Strategy', 'RP7 Workforce Resilience risk and uncertainty that heir plan, such as the ogies or whether mart electricity meters. vould require specific te to the expenditure initially s have proposed a range of or these risks - detailed in ntive Mechanisms', and in
the Electricity Industry relevant for the future.	In relation to IT, the Business Plar programme that carries significant risk which are not always recognis large dependency of projects on S delivery of SAP - Approximately 70 dependencies on the SAP HANA i programme. Delays to this essenti likely to significantly lengthen the i as well as increase cost and risk. In order to be exceptional future so a high quality risk analysis.	planning uncertainty and sed. For example, there is a AP and the successful 0% of projects have direct implementation ial SAP implementation are mplementation schedule,

Table 1.10: Question 8

Question 9: How well has the company given evidence for, and		Score
explained, its performance over the RP6 period?		Good
Guidance for Exceptional	Summary of Assessment	
Any such adjustments must be clearly mapped to the relevant provisions of the RP6 price control and complemented with high-quality supporting evidence. There must be clear explanation and strong evidence for any adjustments/changes during RP6 period.	NIE Networks explained their past of areas in detail within 'Chapter 4 included areas such as: asset ma network reliability; restoration of s market operations; network charg	I: Our Track Record'. This nagement processes; upplies following a fault;
	During the RP6 period NIE Netwo completed annual RIGS reporting a completed annual RP6 'scoreca determined RP6 key performance targets and actual achieved metric variance report comparing RP6 de against actual expenditure.	returns on an annual basis; rd' setting out all of the indicators (KPIs), including cs; and an annual RP6
	Further reports will continue to be years of RP6.	provided for the remaining
	Throughout the RP7 Business Pla out RP7 expenditure proposals wi expenditure levels, to provide a co assessment of the RP7 proposals	th reference to RP6 omparative context for the
	The submission did contain an err later during the query process aro	I
	We also note that the pensions su submitted to the UR at the same t submission.	I
	In order to be exceptional future s without errors.	ubmissions should be

Table 1.11: Question 9