

QUARTERLY RETAIL ENERGY MARKET MONITORING REPORT

Period: 1 January to 31 March 2025

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www.uregni.gov.uk

**Utility
Regulator** 

About the Utility Regulator

The Utility Regulator is the independent non-ministerial government department responsible for regulating Northern Ireland's electricity, gas, water and sewerage industries, to promote the short and long-term interests of consumers.

We are not a policy-making department of government, but we make sure that the energy and water utility industries in Northern Ireland are regulated and developed within ministerial policy as set out in our statutory duties.

We are governed by a Board of Directors and are accountable to the Northern Ireland Assembly through financial and annual reporting obligations.

We are based at Millennium House in the centre of Belfast. The Chief Executive and two Executive Directors lead teams in each of the main functional areas in the organisation: CEO Office; Price Controls; Networks and Energy Futures; Markets; Consumer Protection and Enforcement. The staff team includes economists, engineers, accountants, utility specialists, legal advisors and administration professionals.

Utility Regulator

OUR MISSION

To protect the short and long-term interests of consumers of electricity, gas and water.

OUR VISION

To ensure value and sustainability in energy and water.

OUR VALUES

ACCOUNTABLE:

We take ownership of our actions.

TRANSPARENT:

Ensuring trust through openness and honesty.

COLLABORATIVE:

Connecting and working with others for a shared purpose.

DILIGENT:

Working with care and rigour.

RESPECTFUL:

Treating everyone with dignity and fairness.

ABSTRACT

The Quarterly Retail Energy Market Monitoring (QREMM) report is the latest of a series of Utility Regulator (UR) reports (previously known as the Quarterly Transparency Reports (QTRs)) that provide a range of information about the retail energy market in Northern Ireland (NI).

The data relates mainly to market shares, market activity and domestic prices in the electricity and gas retail markets. The data also includes information on non-domestic, or industrial and commercial (I&C), prices.

We collect and monitor market information through the Retail Energy Market Monitoring (REMM) framework.

The information shown in this report comes from network companies, suppliers, DESNZ (Department for Energy Security and Net Zero) and Eurostat. Some figures have been calculated internally.

AUDIENCE

Electricity and gas industry, government departments, associations of consumers, regulators, statistical bodies, suppliers, potential new market entrants, consultants, researchers and journalists.

CONSUMER IMPACT

The information used to produce these reports allows us to monitor the retail market, flag potential concerns and to inform regulatory decisions. All of this directly impacts on consumers.

This report increases transparency for consumers on matters of their direct interest, such as the active suppliers in each energy market sector and NI prices compared against other jurisdictions.

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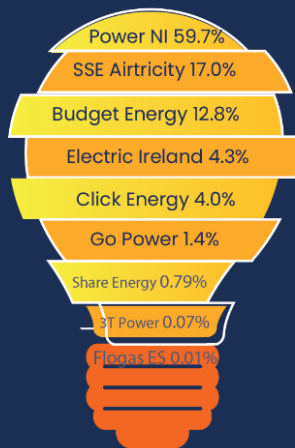
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Northern Ireland Retail Market Monitoring Quarter 1 2025

Suppliers Electricity



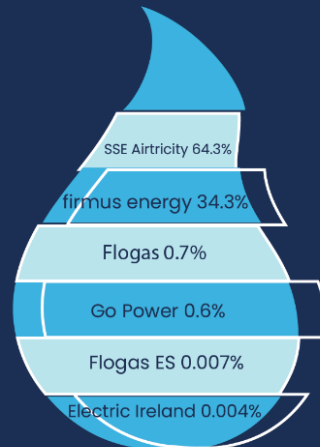
Total market share by connections Electricity



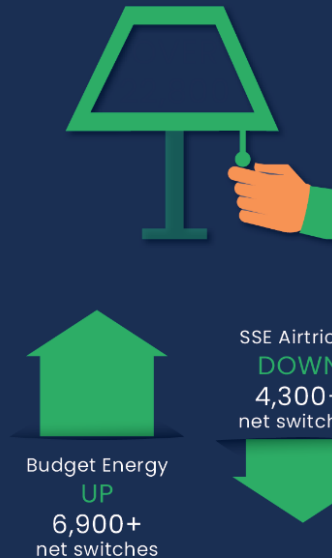
Suppliers Gas



Total market share by connections Gas



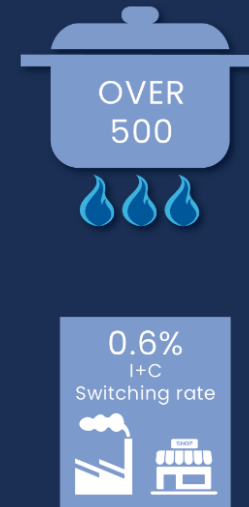
Switching Data Electricity



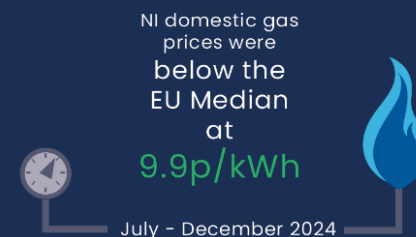
Domestic pricing data Electricity



Switching Data Gas



Domestic pricing data Gas








































1. Key developments during Q1 2025

1. Overall electricity switching activity in Q1 2025 decreased from the previous quarter. Domestic customers continue to engage in the market with over 21,700 domestic switches completed during Q1 2025, a switching rate of 2.6% (a decrease from 2.8% in Q4 2024). The I&C sector saw no change in the electricity switching, with a rate of 1.5% in Q1 2025 and Q4 2024.
2. In the gas sector, domestic switching in the Greater Belfast area saw c442 switches completed during Q1 2025 (an increase from c391 in Q4 2024). I&C in NI saw a decrease in switching activity from 1.6% in Q4 2024 to 0.6% in Q1 2025.
3. The semester 2 (July to December) 2024 electricity pricing data is sourced from Eurostat, DESNZ and individual supplier's submissions under the REMM framework. The pricing data for the period illustrates the following:
 - NI domestic electricity prices (30.0 p/kWh) were below Ireland (31.3 p/kWh) but above the UK (28.7 p/kWh) and the EU median (22.9 p/kWh).
 - The NI I&C electricity price for the Very Small connections (which represent c71% of I&C connections) was 28.5 p/kWh, which was lower than the UK (31.5 p/kWh) and Ireland (31.4 p/kWh) but higher than the EU median (22.7 p/kWh).
 - For Large and Very Large I&C customers (c0.03% of connections) NI prices (16.9 p/kWh) were slightly below Ireland (17.4 p/kWh) and significantly below the UK (24.9 p/kWh) but again higher than the EU median (10.6 p/kWh).
4. The semester 2 (July – December) 2024 gas pricing data is sourced from Eurostat, DESNZ and individual supplier's submissions under the REMM framework. The pricing data for the period illustrates the following:
 - NI domestic gas prices for NI (9.9 p/kWh) were below Ireland (11.3 p/kWh) and the EU (10.7 p/kWh). This was higher than the UK (6.8 p/kWh).
 - The NI I&C gas price for the Very Small connections was 8.7 p/kWh, which was above the EU median (7.9 p/kWh) and Ireland (8.6 p/kWh), but below the UK (9.3 p/kWh).
 - For Medium and Large I&C customers NI gas prices (5.8 p/kWh) were higher than the EU median (3.9 p/kWh) and Ireland (3.2 p/kWh), but below the UK (4.5 p/kWh).

2. Introduction

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to deliver transparency for stakeholders and consumers, providing readers with readily accessible information on the evolution and performance of Northern Ireland (NI) electricity and natural gas retail sectors.
- 2.2 This report is one of the tools we use to communicate some of the main indicators we monitor in the retail energy markets. We protect consumers by promoting effective competition wherever appropriate, and by monitoring the markets. Therefore, monitoring the retail markets is key when complying with our statutory duties¹.

Energy suppliers in NI market

	Network Operator							
	NIE Networks		PNGL ²		FeDL ³		Evolve (formerly SGN) ⁴	
	Electricity		Gas Greater Belfast		Gas Ten Towns		Gas West	
	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C
Budget Energy								
Click Energy								
Electric Ireland								
firmus energy								
Flogas								
Go Power								
Power NI								
SSE Airtricity								
Flogas Enterprise Solutions ⁵								
3T Power								
Share Energy								
Suppliers	7	9	2	6	1	6	1	5

Source: Utility Regulator

¹ Detail on the background to this report, information sources and methodology is contained in Annex A.

² Phoenix Natural Gas Ltd

³ Firmus Energy (Distribution) Ltd

⁴ Evolve Network, previously known as SGN up to September 2023

⁵ Flogas Enterprise Solutions, previously known as Naturgy Ltd.

- 2.3 The electricity and gas (in the Greater Belfast area) markets have been open to competition to domestic customers since 2007. However, there were no competing suppliers in the domestic market until 2010.
- 2.4 The Ten Towns area opened to gas competition for large I&C customers (those consuming over 732,000 kWh per annum) in 2012, and to domestic and small I&C customers in 2015. The first gas connection to the West gas distribution area was a large I&C user during 2017.
- 2.5 During the fourth quarter of 2024 there were **nine** suppliers in the electricity market and **six** suppliers in the gas market although not all of these suppliers are certified to operate in all sectors (or in all gas distribution areas).
- 2.6 The detail of the dates of entry for the suppliers in each of the retail market segments is available in Annex B of this report. For more information about the retail energy market in NI, please visit: <https://www.uregni.gov.uk/supply>.

3. Electricity

Electricity Q1 2025

Total Electricity Connections

927,422



850,729
Domestic Connections

Domestic Credit = 461,837
Domestic Prepayment = 388,892



76,693
I&C Connections

I&C <20 MWh = 54,591
I&C 20 - 49 MWh = 12,047
I&C 50 - 499 MWh = 9,005
I&C 500 - 1,999 MWh = 789
I&C 2,000 - 19,999 MWh = 241
I&C > 20,000 MWh = 20

Total Electricity Consumption

1,986 GWh



796.8 GWh
Domestic Consumption

Domestic Credit = 458.2 GWh
Domestic Prepayment = 338.6 GWh



1,189.6 GWh
I&C Consumption

I&C <20 MWh = 92.8 GWh
I&C 20 - 49 MWh = 103.3 GWh
I&C 50 - 499 MWh = 323.3 GWh
I&C 500 - 1,999 MWh = 196.8 GWh
I&C 2,000 - 19,999 MWh = 291.4 GWh
I&C > 20,000 MWh = 182.0 GWh

Domestic Electricity Pricing

30.0 p/kWh

Total Electricity Switches

22,897

July - December 2024

Total NI electricity market shares by connections

- 3.1 The chart⁶ to the right shows the percentage market share by connections⁷ for each electricity supplier at the **end of March 2025**.
- 3.2 When looking at the electricity retail market as a whole by connections (domestic and I&C customers), Power NI, the incumbent supplier, has the leading position with 59.7% share of the market.
- 3.3 Electric Ireland announced on 9 May 2024 that they would be leaving the domestic electricity market⁸. Share Energy entered the market in September 2024.

Figure 1: Electricity market share by connections – total NI market

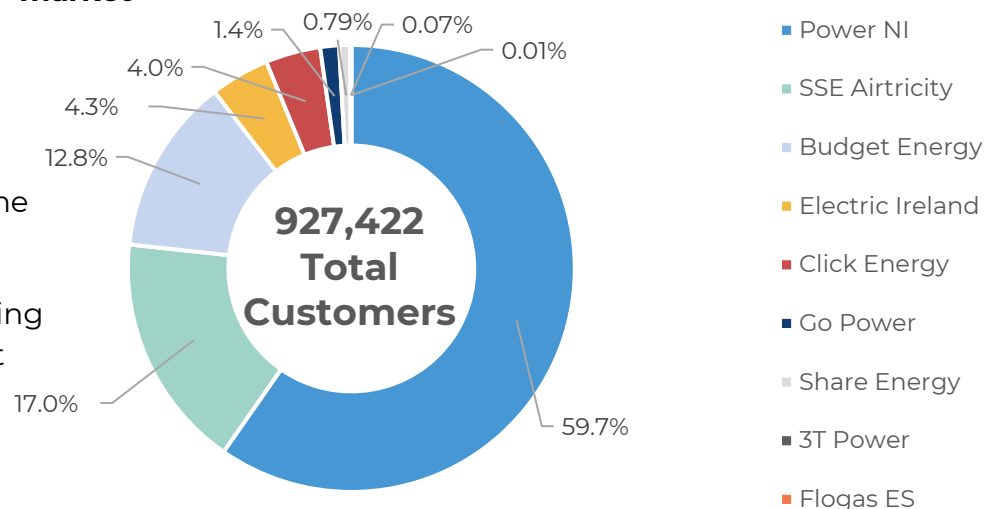


Table 1: Total electricity market share by connections

Market Segment	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Budget Energy	Electric Ireland	Click Energy	Go Power	Share Energy	3T Power	Flogas ES	Total Customers
Domestic credit	308,619	100,750	21,633	16,635	10,117	1,288	2,795	0	0	461,837
Domestic prepayment	208,172	42,979	95,934	13,199	24,136	0	4,472	0	0	388,892
I&C < 20 MWh	28,929	9,948	773	5,649	1,491	7,415	27	330	29	54,591
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	4,576	2,658	239	1,774	561	2,087	12	129	11	12,047
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	2,947	1,440	89	2,024	550	1,699	17	187	52	9,005
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	241	112	0	262	23	113	0	14	24	789
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	78	19	0	102	7	27	0	1	7	241
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	1	5	0	12	0	2	0	0	0	20
Total	553,563	157,911	118,668	39,657	36,885	12,631	7,323	661	123	927,422

Data source: Northern Ireland Electricity Network (NIEN)

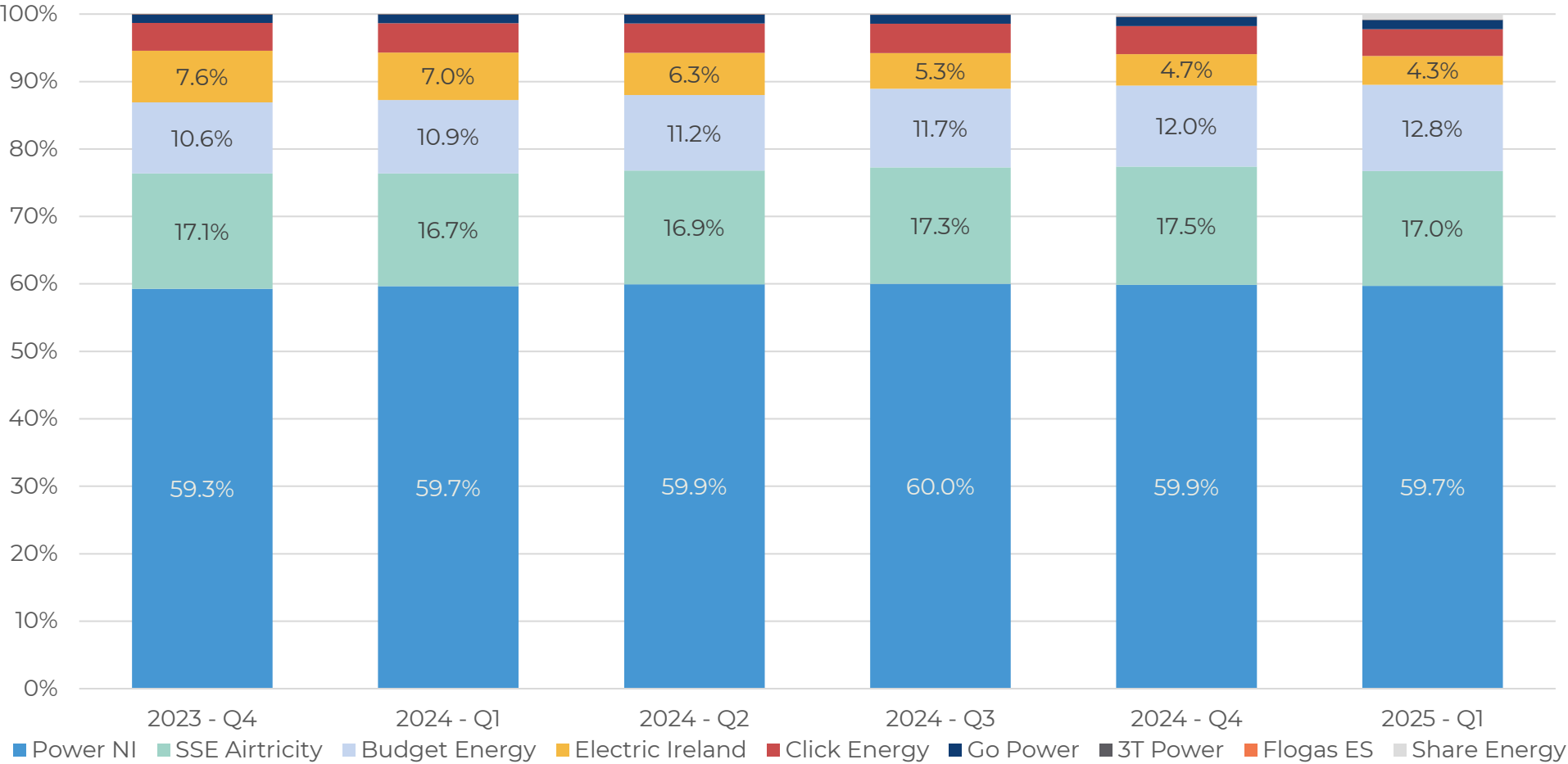
⁶ Please note the percentages in the chart may not tally to 100% as the data labels for some suppliers are not labelled due to the size of their market share.

⁷ Note that long-term vacant sites are not included in connection numbers, and that combined premises are included in the <20MWh category.

⁸ [Electric Ireland pulls out of NI residential electricity market - BBC News](#)

3.4 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by customer numbers) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

Figure 2: Electricity market share by connections (over time) – total NI market



Data source: NIEN

[DATA DOWNLOAD](#)

Total NI electricity market shares by consumption

3.5 The chart to the right shows the percentage market share by consumption for each electricity supplier for the period **January to March 2025**.

3.6 Electricity consumption in the NI retail market for Q1 2025 was 1,986 GWh.

Figure 3: Electricity market share by consumption – total NI market

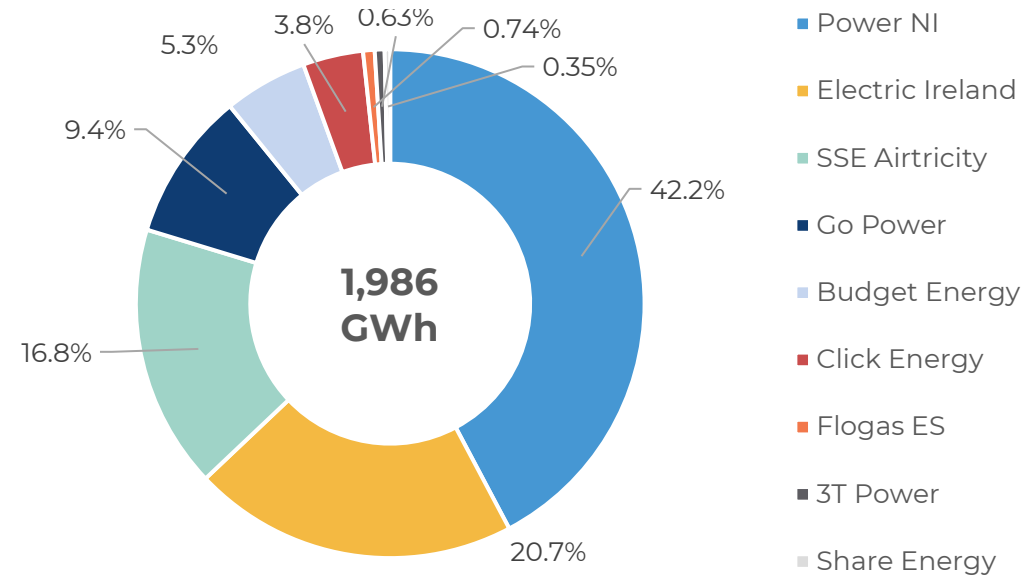


Table 2: Total electricity market share by consumption GWh)

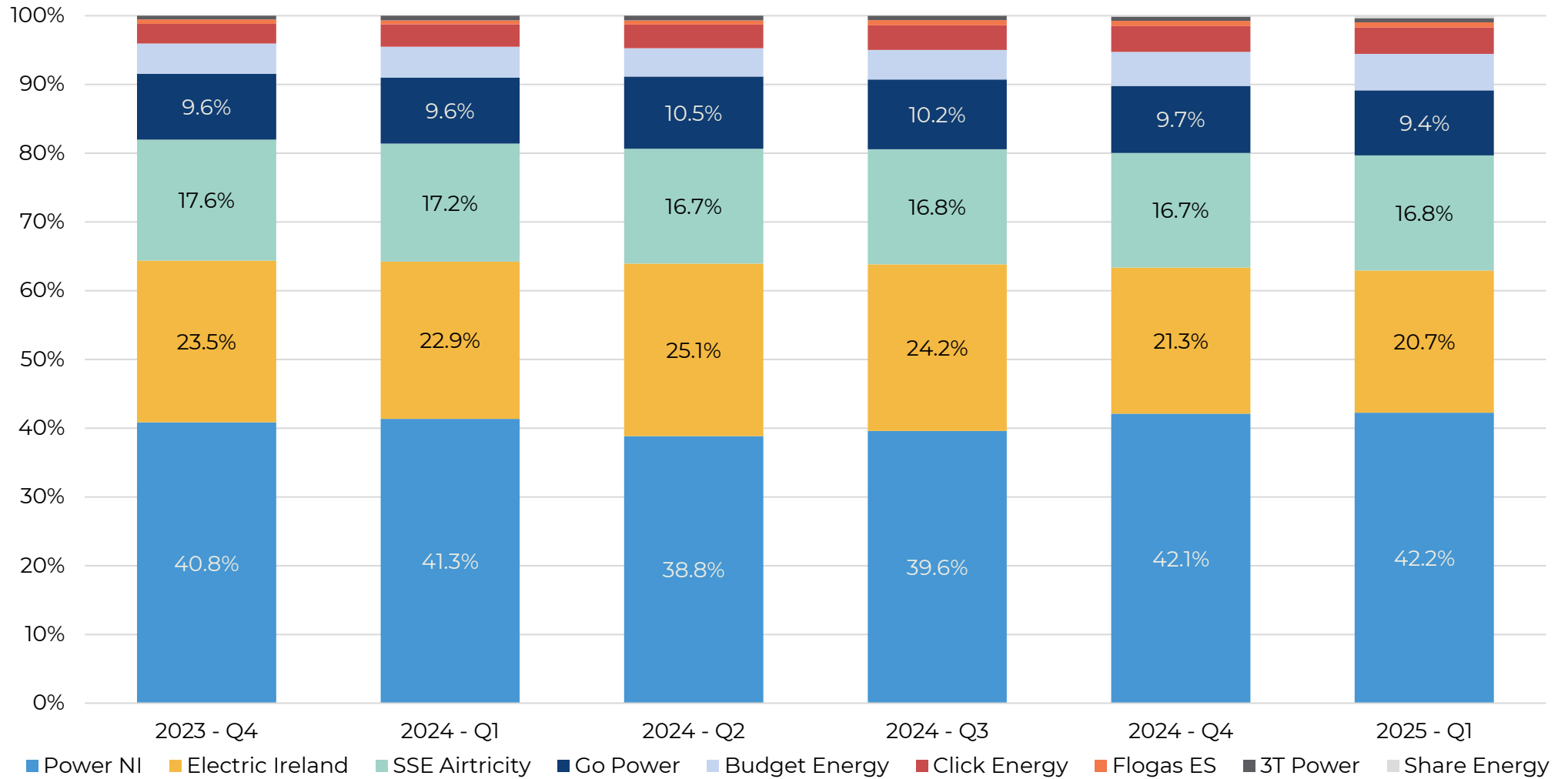
Market Segment	Power NI	Electric Ireland	SSE Airtricity	Go Power	Budget Energy	Click Energy	Flogas ES	3T Power	Share Energy	Total Consumption
Domestic credit	295	16	106	3	21	15	0	0	3	458
Domestic prepayment	187	11	34	0	79	24	0	0	3	339
I&C < 20 MWh	47	10	18	12	1	3	0	1	0	93
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	41	17	23	16	2	5	0	1	0	103
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	100	85	51	58	2	17	3	7	0	323
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	66	60	26	31	0	5	6	3	0	197
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	101	121	26	28	0	9	6	1	0	291
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	2	92	48	40	0	0	0	0	0	182
Total	839	411	333	188	105	76	15	12	7	1,986

Data source: NIEN



3.7 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by consumption) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

Figure 4: Electricity market share by consumption (over time) – total NI market



Data source: NIEN



Domestic electricity market analysis by connections

3.8 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the electricity domestic market, by connections.

3.9 The non-incumbents now represent 39.3% of total domestic connections in NI.

Figure 5: Electricity domestic market share (by connections) by market segment

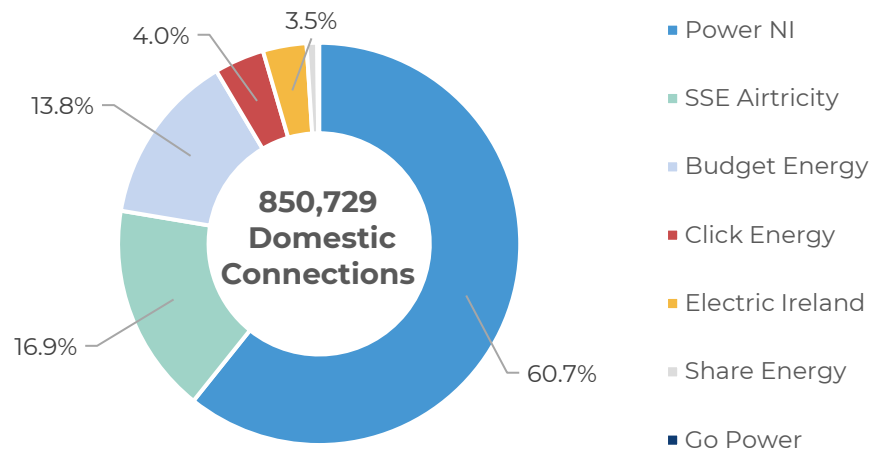


Figure 6: Electricity domestic market share by connections

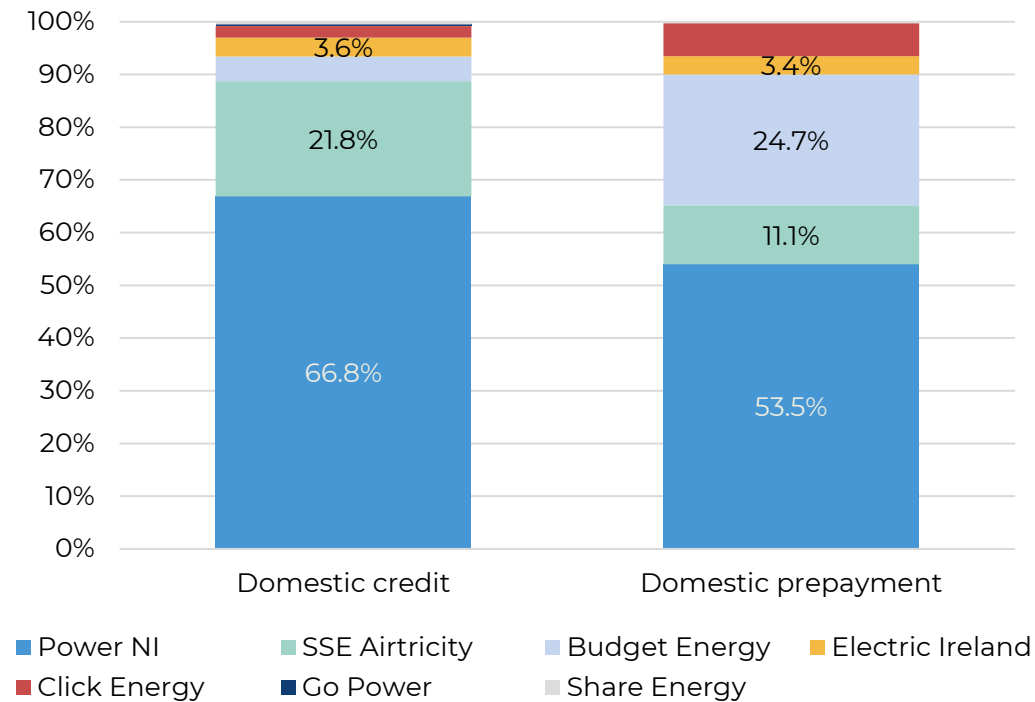


Table 3: Electricity domestic connections by market segment

Market Segment	Power NI		SSE Airtricity		Budget Energy		Electric Ireland		Click Energy		Share Energy		Go Power		Total Customers	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Domestic prepayment	208,172	40%	42,979	30%	95,934	82%	13,199	44%	24,136	70%	0	0%	4,472	62%	388,892	46%
Domestic credit	308,619	60%	100,750	70%	21,633	18%	16,635	56%	10,117	30%	1,288	100%	2,795	38%	461,837	54%
Total	516,791		143,729		117,567		29,834		34,253		1,288		7,267		850,729	

Data source: NIEN

I&C electricity market analysis by consumption

3.10 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the electricity I&C market, by consumption. I&C consumption for the period was 1,189.6 GWh.

Figure 7: Electricity I&C market share (by consumption) by market segment

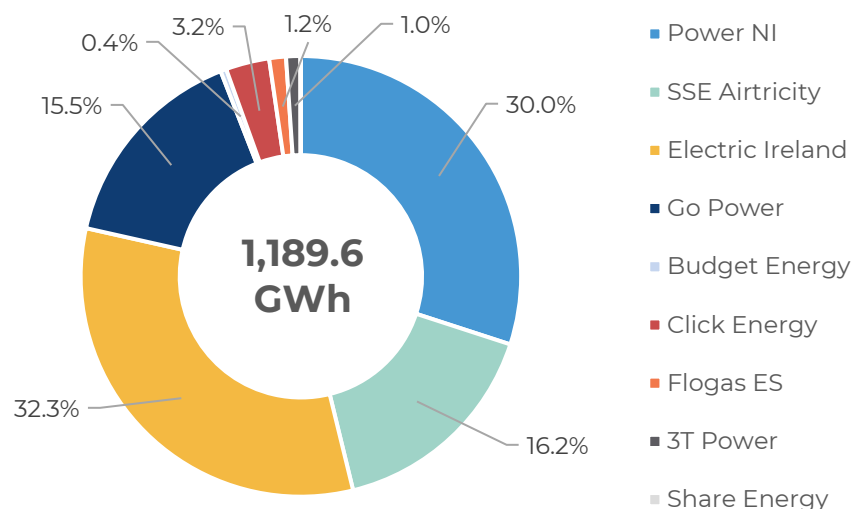


Figure 8: Electricity I&C market share (by consumption) by market segment

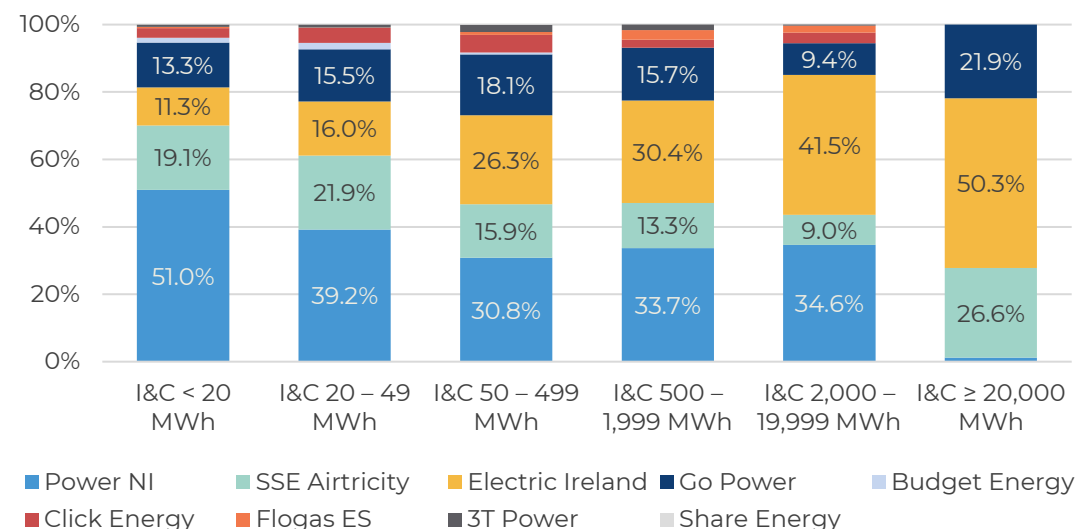


Table 4: Electricity I&C consumption by market segment

Market Segment	Electric Ireland	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Go Power	Click Energy	Flogas ES	3T Power	Budget Energy	Share Energy	Total Consumption
I&C < 20 MWh	10.5	47.3	17.7	12.4	2.6	0.3	0.7	1.3	0.02	92.8
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	16.6	40.5	22.6	16.0	4.6	0.1	0.9	1.9	0.02	103.3
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	85.2	99.7	51.4	58.4	17.0	2.7	6.7	1.9	0.36	323.3
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	59.9	66.4	26.3	30.9	4.7	5.5	3.2	0.0	0.0	196.8
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	120.9	100.8	26.1	27.5	9.2	5.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	291.4
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	91.5	2.2	48.4	39.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	182.0
Total	384.6	356.9	192.5	185.0	38.0	14.6	12.4	5.1	0.40	1,189.6

Data source: NIEN

Market activity - switching

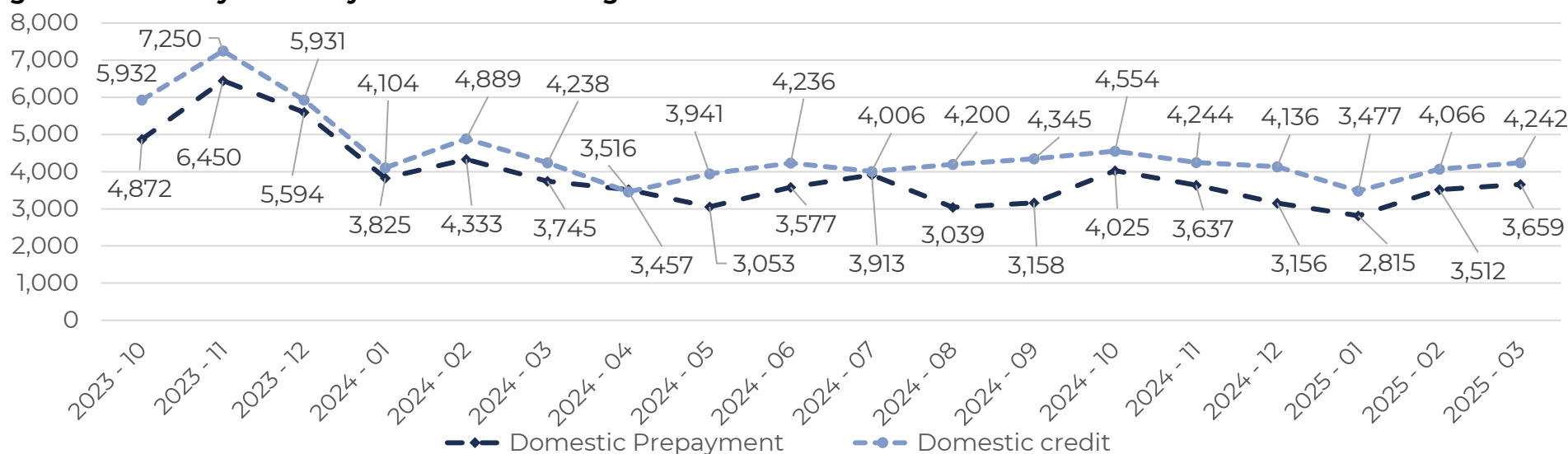
- 3.11 The table below shows the total market activity through changes of supplier (CoSs) on a quarterly basis for the domestic and I&C sectors including the quarterly switching rate⁹.

Table 5: Switching rate – total NI market

Quarter	2023 - Q4	2024 - Q1	2024 - Q2	2024 - Q3	2024 - Q4	2025 - Q1
No. of Switches	37,970	26,471	23,141	24,058	24,939	22,897
Switching rate (%)	4.1%	2.9%	2.5%	2.6%	2.7%	2.5%

- 3.12 The graph below shows the number of domestic switches, split by domestic credit and domestic prepayment on a monthly basis, followed by a table with the total domestic switches and domestic switching rate for the quarter.

Figure 9: Electricity - monthly domestic switching



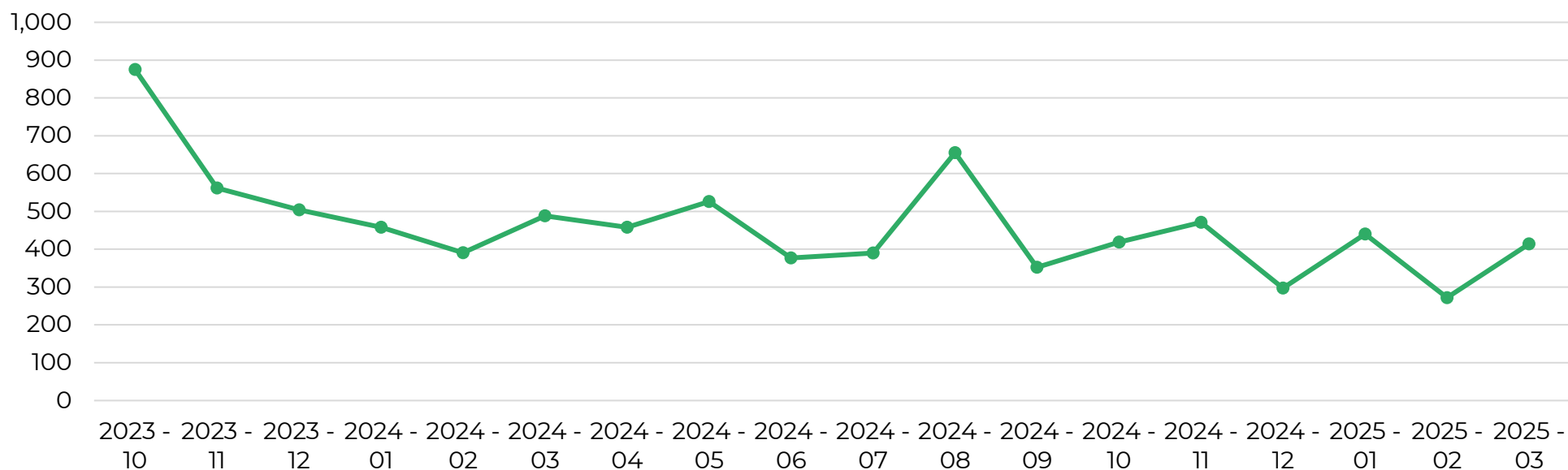
Data source: NIEN

⁹ The switching rate percentages are calculated using the number of quarterly switches divided by the number of customers at the end of the quarter in the relevant market.

Table 6: Switching rate – domestic market

Quarter	2023 - Q4	2024 - Q1	2024 - Q2	2024 - Q3	2024 - Q4	2025 - Q1
No. of Switches	36,029	25,134	21,780	22,661	23,752	21,771
Switching rate (%)	4.3%	3.0%	2.6%	2.7%	2.8%	2.6%

3.13 The graph below shows the number of I&C switches on a monthly basis and the table details the total switches and switching rate for the quarter.

Figure 10: Electricity - monthly I&C switching**Table 7: Switching rate – I&C market**

Quarter	2023 - Q4	2024 - Q1	2024 - Q2	2024 - Q3	2024 - Q4	2025 - Q1
No. of Switches	1,941	1,337	1,361	1,397	1,187	1,126
Switching rate (%)	2.6%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.5%	1.5%

Data Source: NIEN



4. Electricity pricing – semester 2 2024

4.1 **Domestic price comparison with EU:** In the domestic graphs shown, we use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) and include VAT as this reflects the final prices paid by domestic customers. The medium sized domestic customers (annual consumption of between 2,500 and 4,999 kWh) have been selected for the purpose of analysis, as this consumption category reflects the majority of domestic customers in NI.

4.2 Figure 11 shows for semester 2 2024¹⁰ (July – December) the NI price was lower than Ireland, and higher than the EU median and UK.

4.3 Figure 12¹¹ shows the medium domestic connections unit price¹² (incl. all taxes) over the last five years compared to the EU median, UK and Ireland.

4.4 For semester 2 (July to December) 2024 the domestic electricity prices for NI (30.0 p/kWh) were below Ireland (31.3 p/kWh) but above the UK (28.7 p/kWh) and the EU median (22.9 p/kWh).

Figure 11: Medium domestic connections unit prices incl. all taxes (July - December 2024)

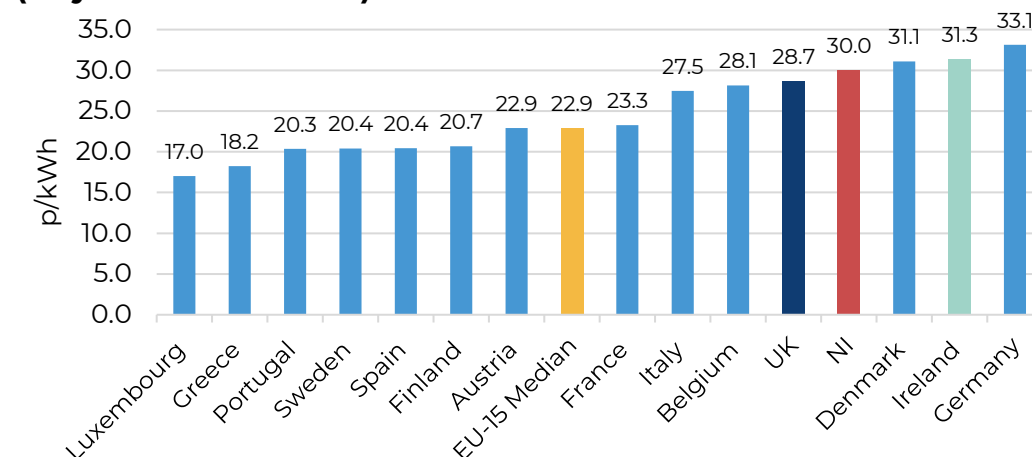
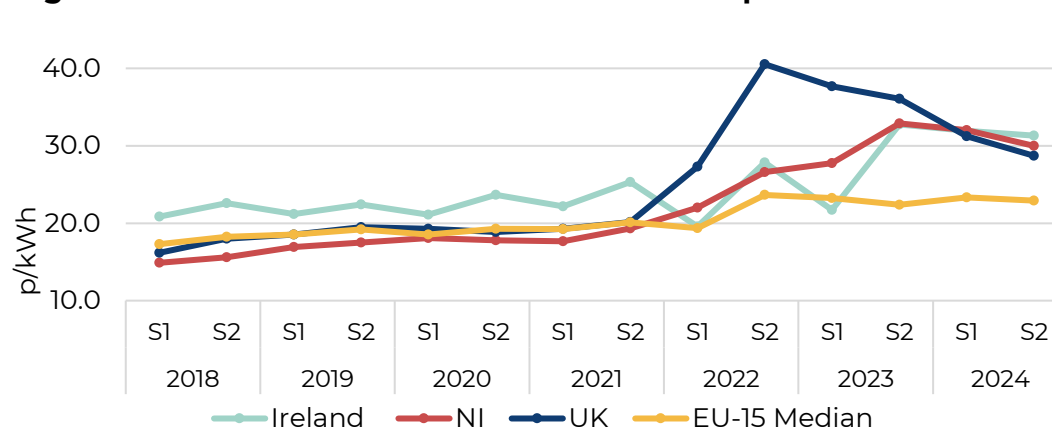


Figure 12: Medium domestic connections - unit price over time



Data source: NI electricity suppliers, DESNZ, Eurostat and UR internal calculations

¹⁰ The pricing data relates to the period end Q2 2024 (S1 January - June 2023). This is due to the timing of the availability of pricing data from Eurostat, DESNZ and Suppliers.

¹¹ UK data was revised values for UK 2024 S1

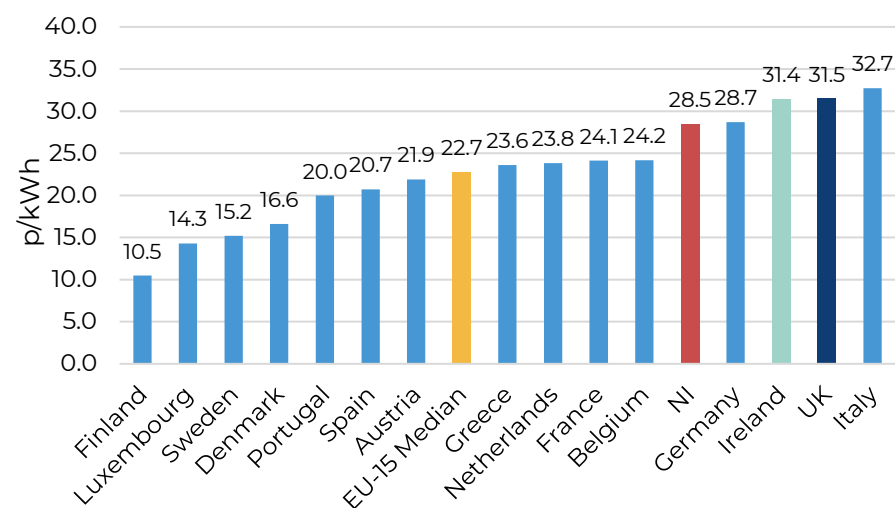
¹² Various governments across the EU have taken different actions to mitigate against rising energy costs. This Eurostat article provides some information on the measures implemented for domestic electricity consumers – [link](#).

- 4.5 **I&C price comparison with EU¹³:** The graphs below show I&C electricity prices in the 15 EU¹⁴ countries (converted to GBP) and in NI, per consumption size bands (following standard EU categorisation). The I&C graphs use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) but exclude VAT, as VAT is a refundable expense for many businesses. This reflects the final prices paid by I&C customers. We amalgamate the two largest categories of annual consumption (large and very large connections) to avoid any confidentiality issues in sectors where there are a small number of customers and suppliers involved.
- 4.6 During semester 2 2024 (July – December) the NI prices in the very small I&C category were higher than the EU median, but lower than Ireland and UK (c71% of I&C connections in NI are in this size category). During the same period, for the large and very large I&C customers (c0.02% of connections), NI prices were lower than the UK and Ireland, but higher than the EU median¹⁵.

Table 8: I&C connections and consumption end of Q4 2024

Size of Customer	Annual Consumption bands (MWh)	% of I&C connections	% of I&C consumption	I&C connection numbers
Very small	< 20	70.9%	6.1%	54,318
Small	20 – 499	27.7%	32.5%	21,233
Small / Medium	500 – 1,999	1.0%	17.4%	790
Medium	2,000 – 19,999	0.3%	28.2%	241
Large & Very Large	>20,000	0.02%	15.8%	19

Figure 13: Very small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes



Data source: NIEN

¹³ Various governments across the EU have taken different actions to mitigate against rising energy costs. This Eurostat article provides some information on the measures implemented for non-domestic electricity consumers – [link](#).

¹⁴ Some graphs do not include all 15 EU countries due to availability of data from Eurostat.

¹⁵ The pricing data relates to the period end Q4 2024 (S2 July - December 2024). This is due to the timing of the availability of pricing data from Eurostat, DESNZ and Suppliers.

Figure 14: Small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

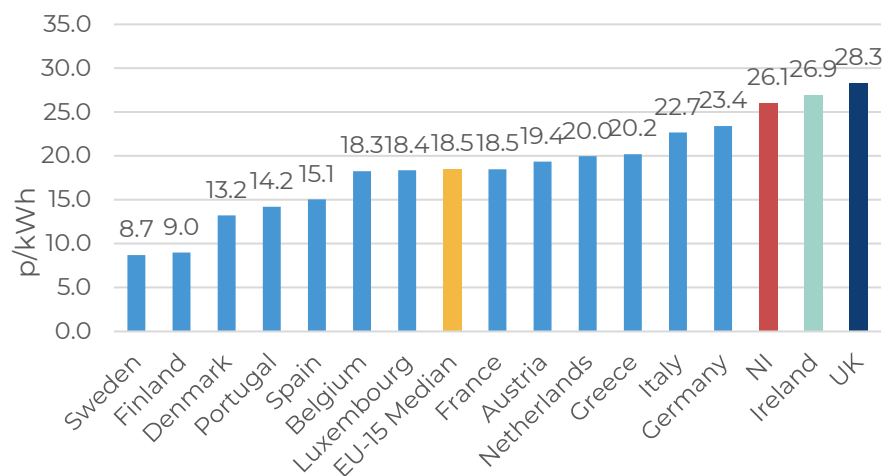


Figure 15: Small/medium connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

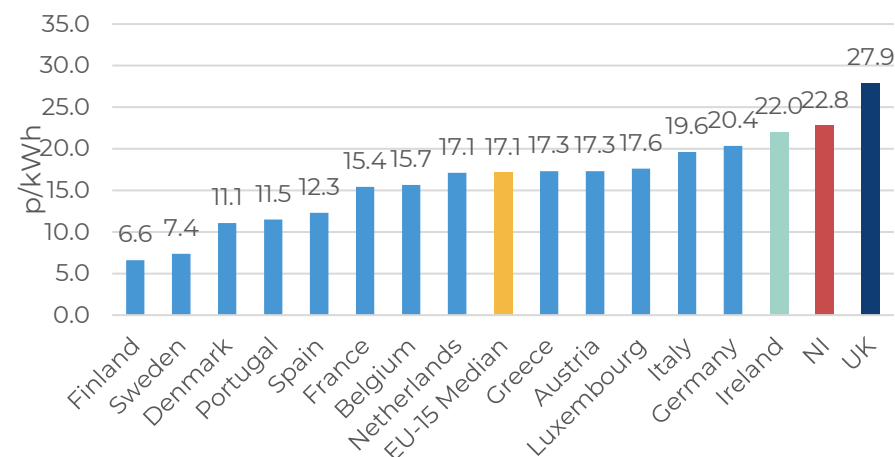


Figure 16: Medium connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

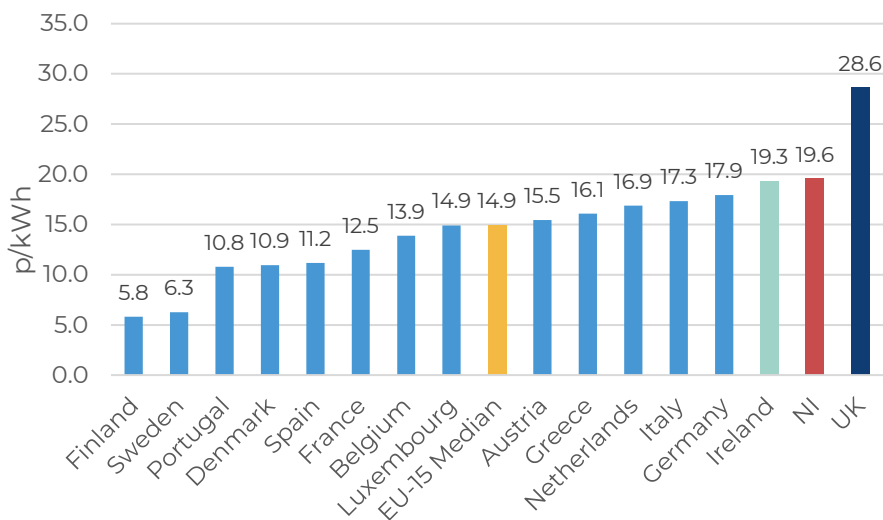
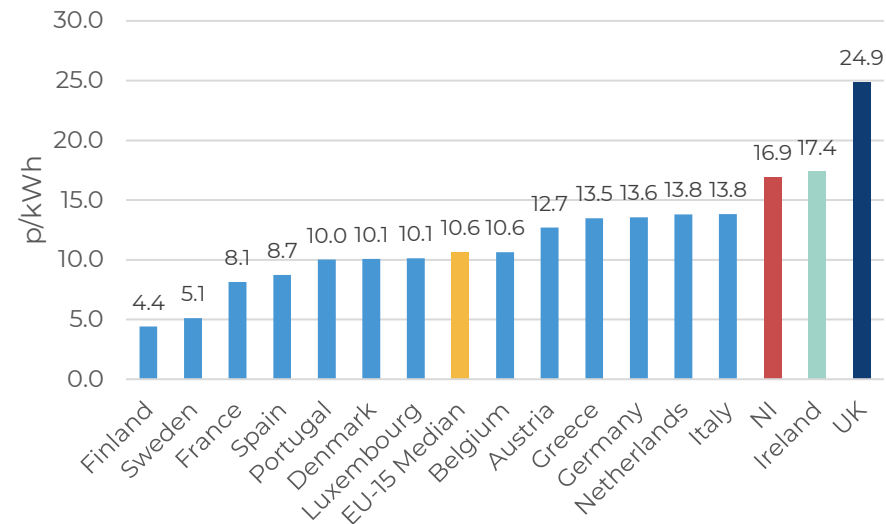


Figure 17: Large + very large connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes



Data source: NI electricity suppliers, DESNZ, Eurostat and UR internal calculations

4.7 The graphs below show the unit price over time for the two I&C groups (Small and Medium) which have the majority percentage share of I&C sector, by consumption.

Figure 18: Small I&C connections - unit price over time¹⁶

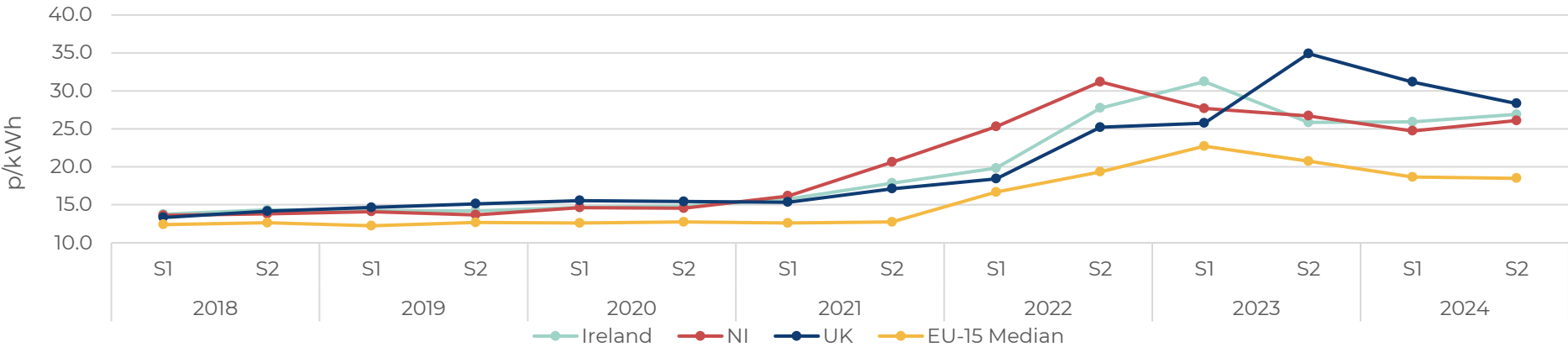
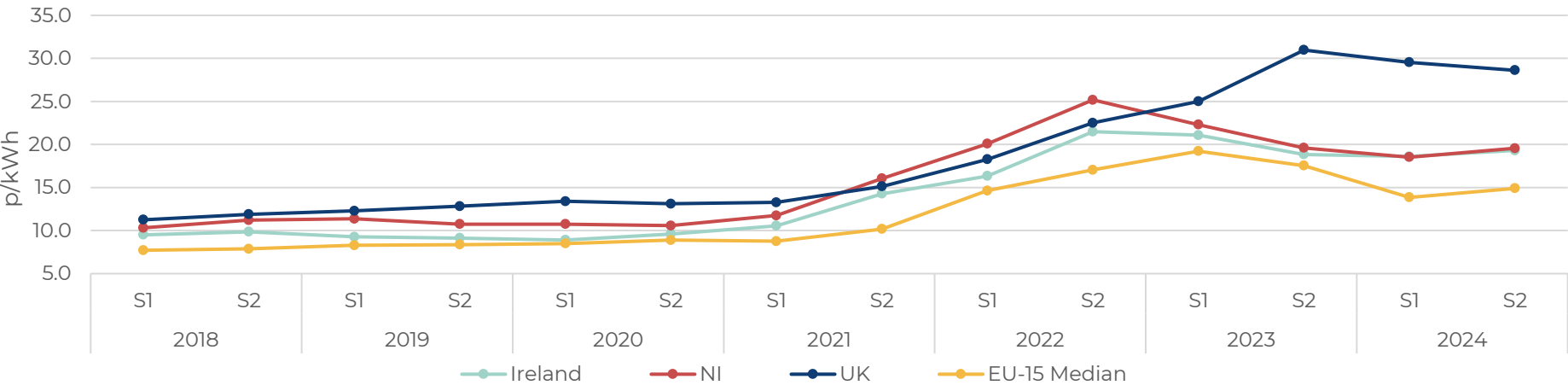


Figure 19: Medium I&C connections - unit price over time¹⁶



Source: NI electricity suppliers, DESNZ, Eurostat and UR internal calculations

¹⁶ UK data was revised values for UK 2024 S1

5. Gas

Gas Q1 2025

Total Gas Connections

336,692

Total Gas Consumption

2,477,235 MWh

West
Connections
4,841
Consumption
214,527 MWh



G. Belfast
Connections
257,862
Consumption
1,610,910 MWh

Ten Towns
Connections
73,989
Consumption
651,798 MWh

Domestic Gas Pricing

9.9 p/kWh

Total Gas Switches

539

July - December 2024

Total gas NI market share by connections

5.1 This section provides information on the total connection numbers in NI, by supplier, in all three-distribution areas. The market shares in terms of connections¹⁸ are as at the **end of March 2025**.

Figure 20: Gas market share by distribution license area by connections

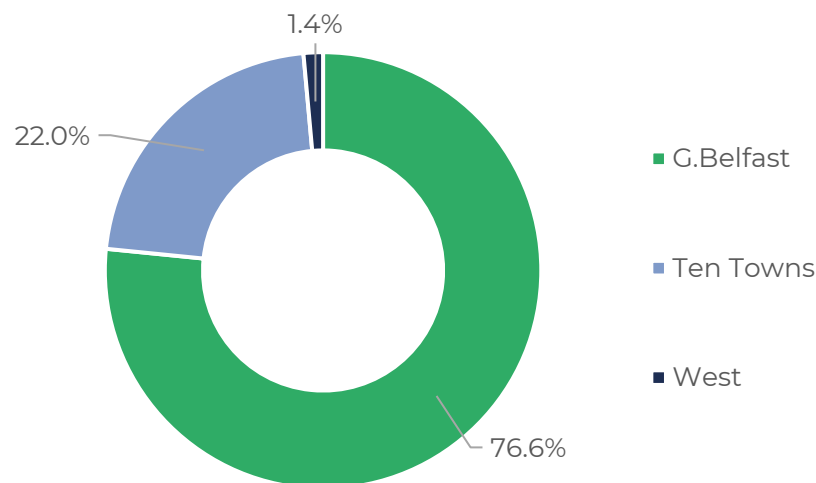


Figure 21: Gas market share by supplier by connections

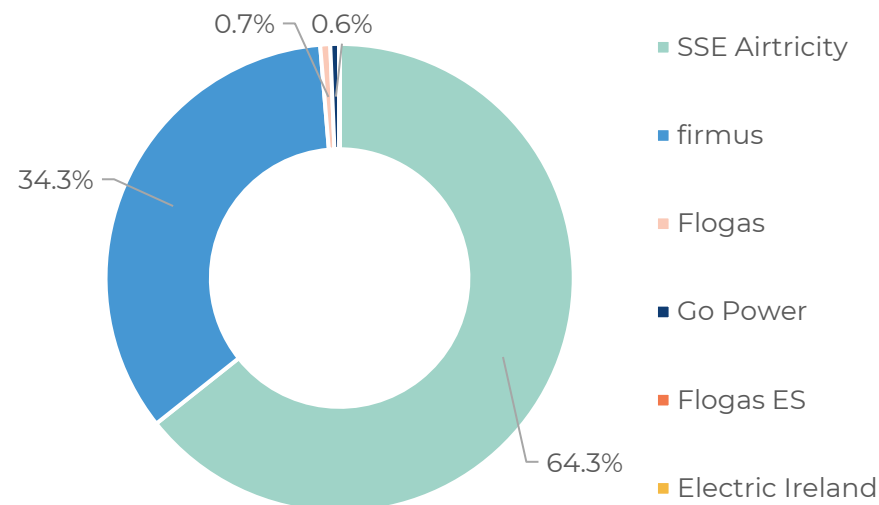


Table 9: Gas market share by connections

Distribution License Area	Market Segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Electric Ireland	Total Connections
G.Belfast	Domestic Only	206,084	40,089	2	6	0	0	246,181
G.Belfast	I&C Only	5,664	2,629	1,705	1,657	19	7	11,681
Ten Towns	Domestic Only	0	70,857	0	0	0	0	70,857
Ten Towns	I&C Only	85	2,011	585	439	6	6	3,132
West	Domestic Only	4,707	0	0	0	0	0	4,707
West	I&C Only	22	61	30	19	0	2	134
Total		216,562	115,647	2,322	2,121	25	15	336,692

Data source: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve

¹⁸ Please note the percentages in the chart may not tally to 100% as the data labels for some suppliers are not reflected due to the size of their market share.

Total gas NI market share by consumption

5.2 The pie chart below shows the total gas consumption in NI for the period **January to March 2025**, with a breakdown by distribution area.

Figure 22: Gas market share by distribution license area by consumption

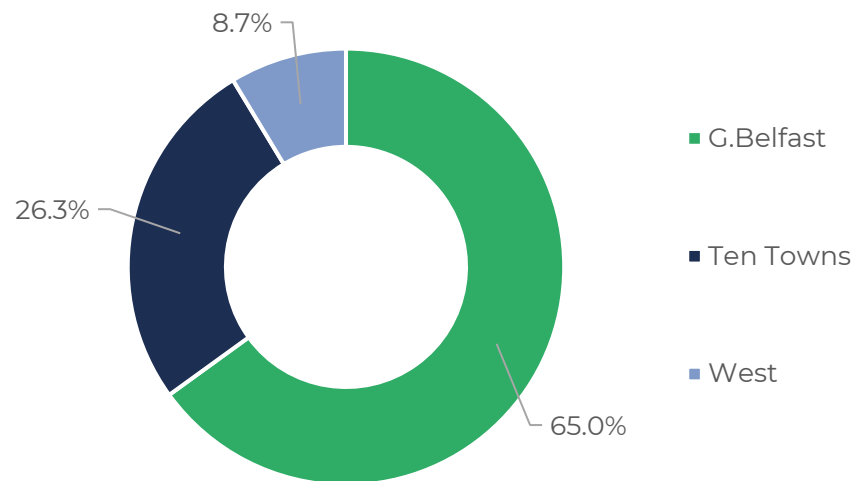


Figure 23: Gas market share by supplier by consumption

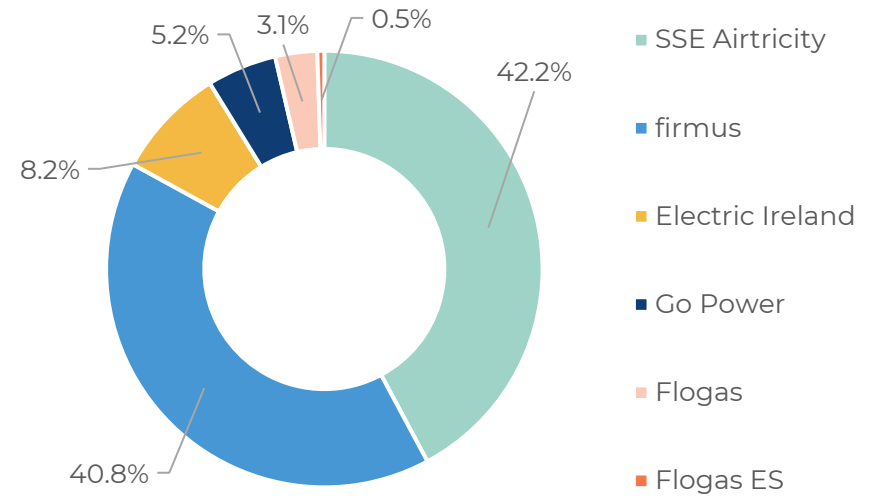


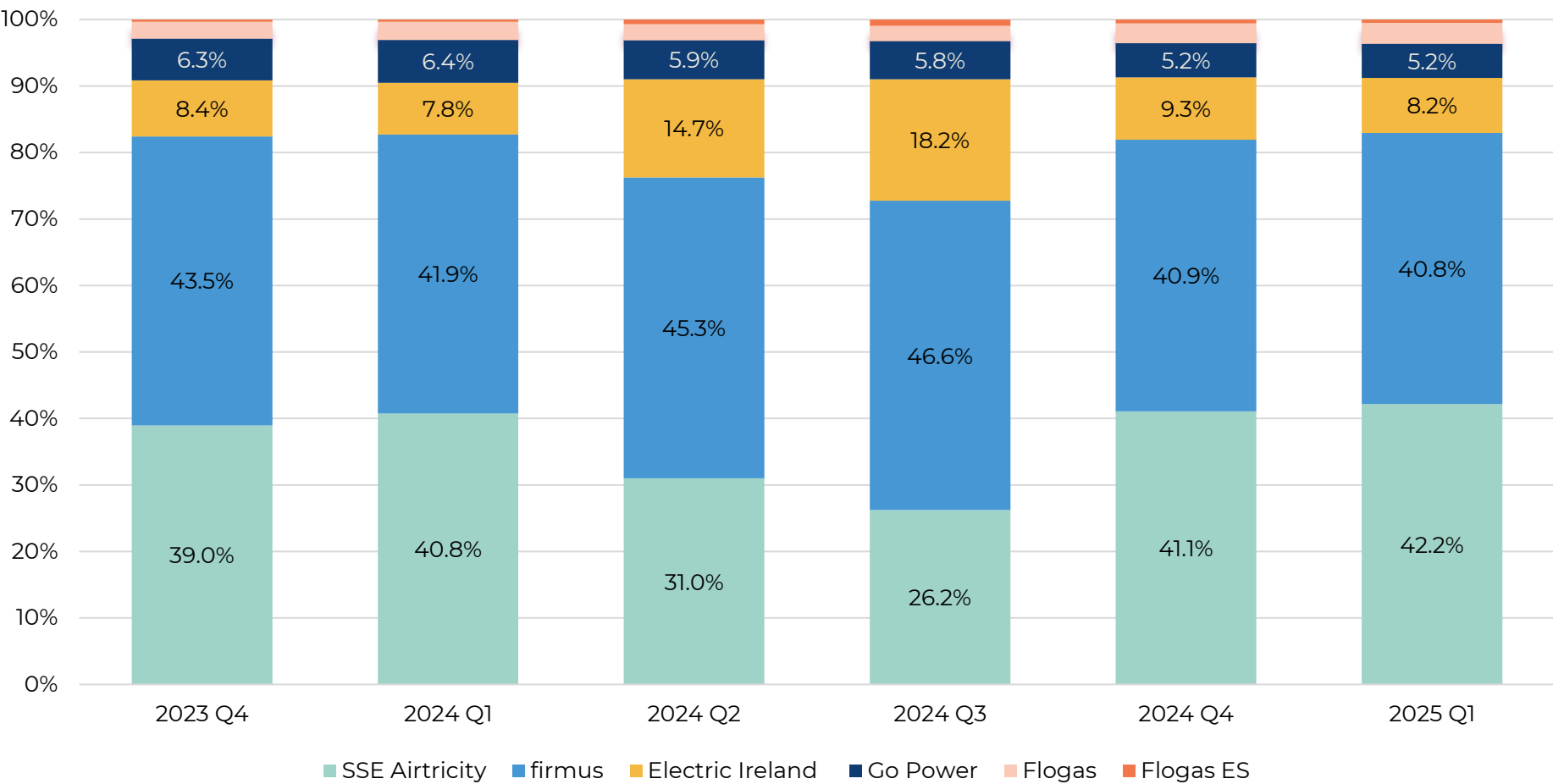
Table 10: Gas market share by consumption (MWh)

Distribution Licensed Area	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Electric Ireland	Total Consumption
G.Belfast	921,224	491,162	53,623	88,665	7,452	48,784	1,610,910
Ten Towns	66,057	488,643	20,640	37,900	5,305	33,254	651,798
West	57,269	30,887	2,759	1,448	0	122,165	214,527
Total	1,044,550	1,010,691	77,022	128,012	12,757	204,203	2,477,235

Data source: PNLG / FeDL / Evolve

5.3 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by consumption) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

Figure 24: Gas market share by consumption over time - total NI market



Data source: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve

Domestic and small I&C analysis by connections

5.4 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the gas **domestic and small I&C sector**¹⁹, by connections (at the end of March 2025).

Figure 25: Domestic and small I&C market shares by connections

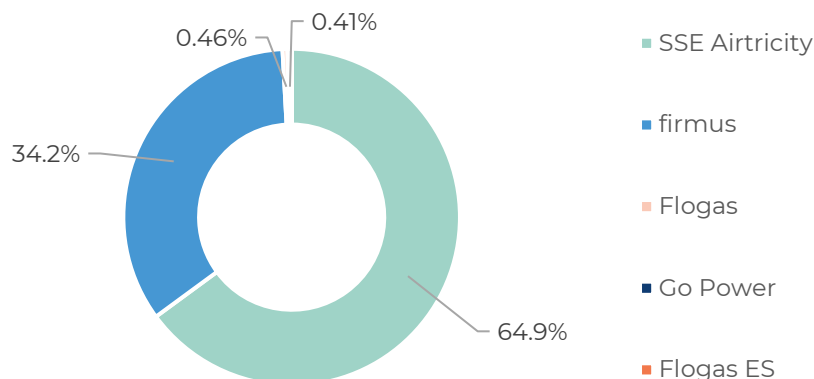


Figure 26: Domestic and small I&C connections by

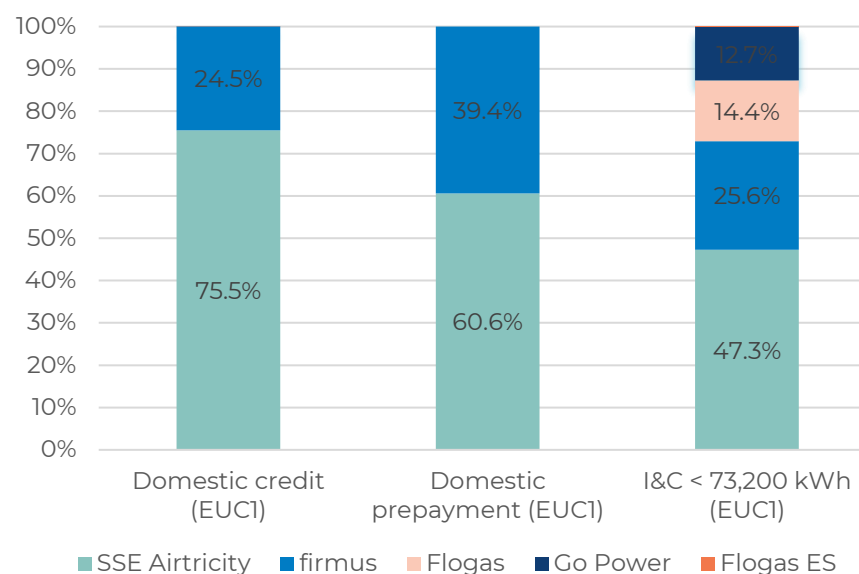


Table 11: Domestic and small I&C analysis by connections

Distribution Licensed Area	Market Segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Total Connections
G.Belfast	Domestic credit (EUC1)	79,130	10,521	2	6	0	89,659
G.Belfast	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	126,954	29,568	0	0	0	156,522
G.Belfast	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	5,004	1,445	1,127	1,076	8	8,660
Ten Towns	Domestic credit (EUC1)	0	15,618	0	0	0	15,618
Ten Towns	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	0	55,239	0	0	0	55,239
Ten Towns	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	11	1,257	383	256	0	1,907
West	Domestic credit (EUC1)	1,327	0	0	0	0	1,327
West	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	3,380	0	0	0	0	3,380
West	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	16	23	19	15	0	73
Total		215,822	113,671	1,531	1,353	8	332,385

Data sources: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve

¹⁹ The domestic and small I&C sector relates to any customers using less than 73,200 kWh per annum.

Medium and large I&C analysis by consumption

5.5 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the gas **medium and large I&C sector**²⁰, by consumption.

Figure 27: Medium and large I&C market share by consumption

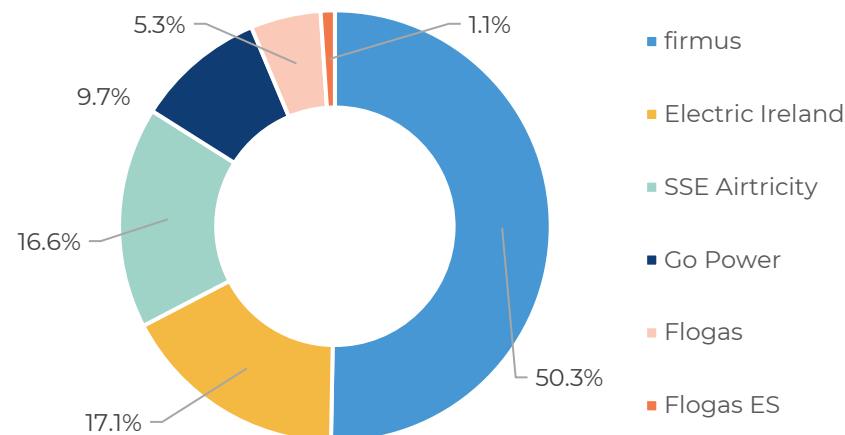


Figure 28: Medium and large I&C market share by market segment and consumption

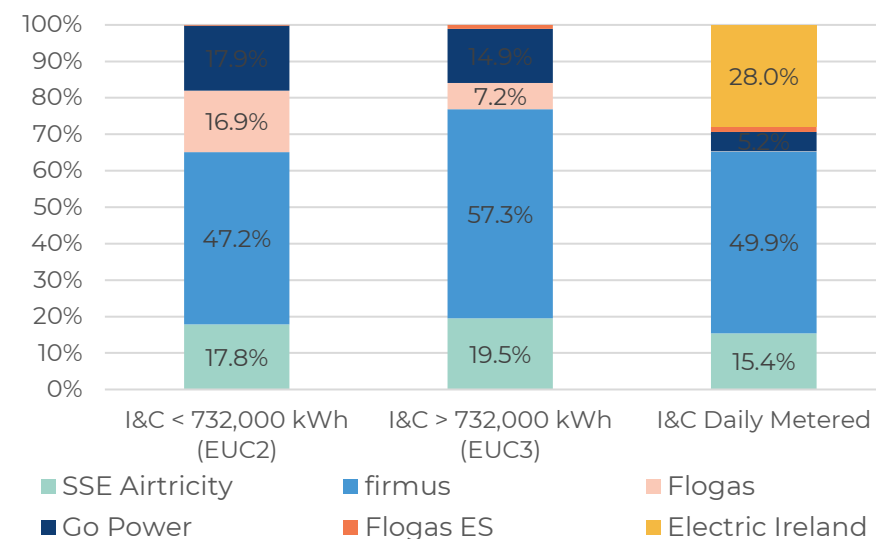


Table 12: Medium and large I&C analysis by consumption (MWh)

Distribution Licensed Area	Market Segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Electric Ireland	Total Consumption
G.Belfast	I&C < 732,000 kWh (EUC2)	49,286	82,249	35,616	38,617	419	0	206,188
G.Belfast	I&C > 732,000 kWh (EUC3)	21,829	58,098	7,615	17,532	732	0	105,807
G.Belfast	I&C Daily Metered	20,288	193,129	0	23,213	6,248	48,784	291,663
Ten Towns	I&C < 732,000 kWh (EUC2)	3,188	55,052	13,286	13,764	149	0	85,438
Ten Towns	I&C > 732,000 kWh (EUC3)	11,107	36,383	3,704	7,547	1,046	0	59,786
Ten Towns	I&C Daily Metered	51,682	145,525	0	14,124	4,111	33,254	248,696
West	I&C < 732,000 kWh (EUC2)	111	1,946	788	317	0	0	3,162
West	I&C > 732,000 kWh (EUC3)	395	3,250	979	316	0	0	4,940
West	I&C Daily Metered	40,281	25,343	884	704	0	122,165	189,376
Total		198,168	600,976	62,871	116,135	12,704	204,203	1,195,057

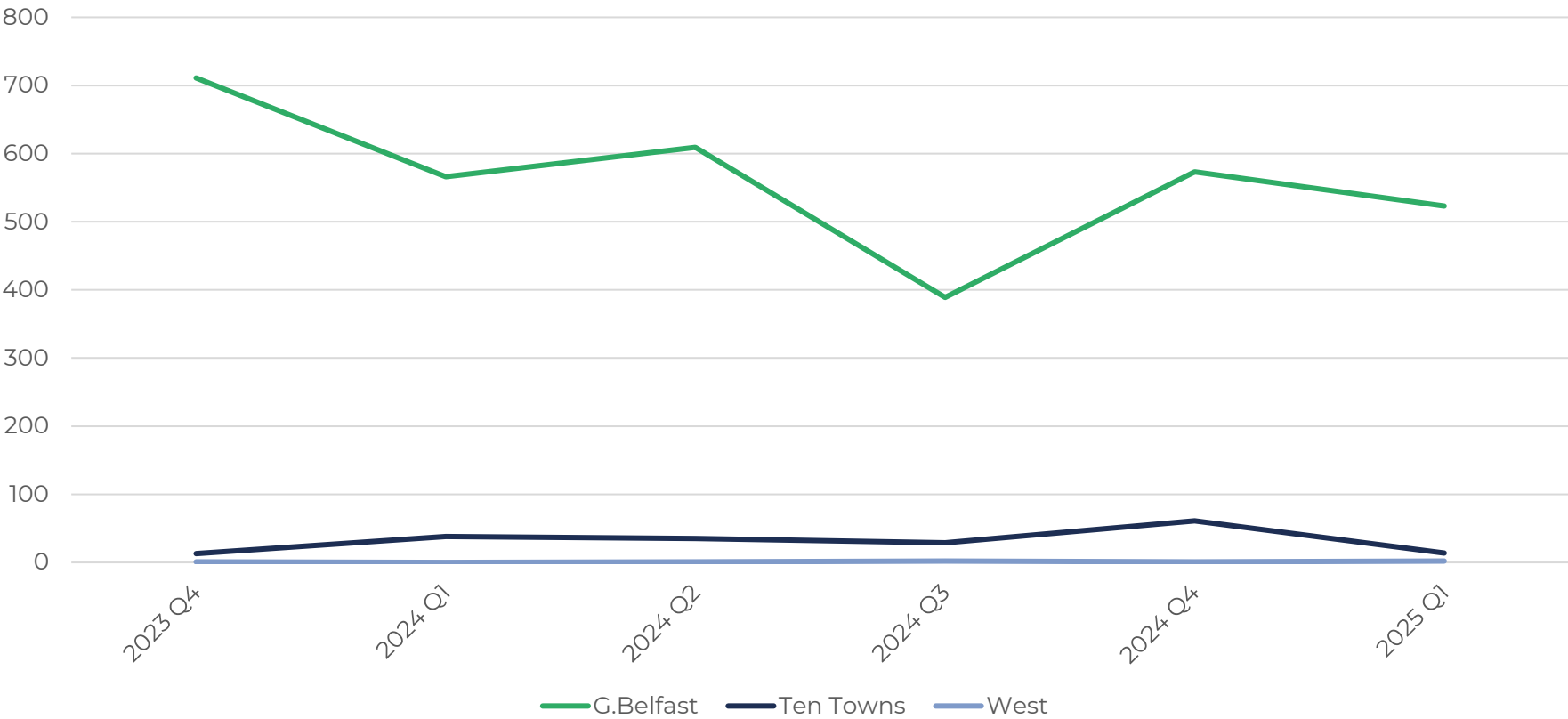
Data sources: PNLG / FeDL / Evolve

²⁰ The medium and large I&C sector relates to any customers with annual consumption that is greater than or equal to 73,200 kWh per annum. The I&C Daily Metered sector relates to any customer with annual consumption that is greater than 2,196,000 kWh per annum.

Market activity - switching

5.6 The graph below shows the market activity through changes of supplier (CoSs) on a quarterly basis in the NI gas market (domestic and I&C) across the three distribution areas. The table that follows shows the number of switches and switching rate²¹ per quarter.

Figure 29: Gas - quarterly total change of supplier



Data source: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve

²¹ The switching rate percentages are calculated using the number of quarterly switches divided by the number of customers at the end of the quarter in the relevant market.

5.7 Greater Belfast is the only distribution area in which there is competition within the domestic credit and prepayment²² sectors. The Figure below reflects the monthly change of customer numbers (gains), per market segment within the domestic sector. The table shows the total domestic gains and switching rate per quarter.

Figure 30: Gas - monthly domestic switches (G.Belfast)

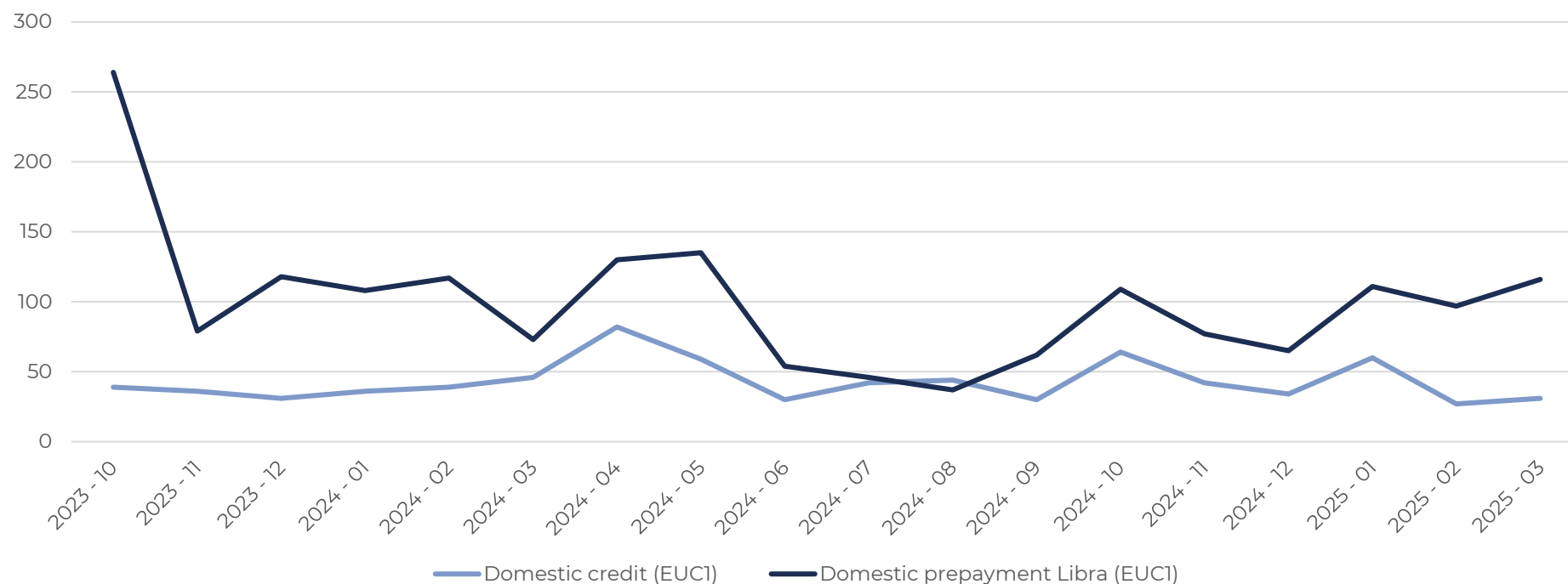


Table 13: Switching rate - domestic market (G. Belfast only)

Quarter	2023 Q4	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
No. of switches	567	419	490	261	391	442
Switching rate (%)	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%

Data source: PNGL

²² Note that prepayment switches, within the domestic sector, include switches back to the previous supplier in cases where the customer has not taken the required action to complete their switch.

5.8 The Figure below reflects the monthly change of customer numbers (gains), within the I&C sector across the three gas distribution areas. The table that follows shows the number of I&C switches and switching rate per quarter.

Figure 31: Gas I&C switches by distribution licensed area



Table 14: Switching rate – I&C market

Quarter	2023 Q4	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1
No. of switches	158	185	155	159	244	97
Switching rate (%)	1.1%	1.2%	1.0%	1.1%	1.6%	0.6%

Data source: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve

6. Gas pricing – semester 2 2024²³

6.1 The pricing data detailed in this report is for the semester July – December 2024 (S2 2024). In the domestic graph to the right, we use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) and include VAT, as this reflects the final prices paid by domestic customers. The medium sized domestic customers (annual consumption between 5,557 - 55,557 kWh) have been selected for the purpose of analysis, as this consumption category reflects the majority of domestic customers in NI.

6.2 The NI unit price is the average pence per kWh for medium customers for the Greater Belfast, Ten Towns and West network areas. For semester 2 2024 (July – December), the NI domestic gas prices were lower than Ireland and the EU Median but higher than the UK²⁴.

Figure 32: Medium domestic connections unit prices incl. all Taxes²⁵ (July - December 2024)

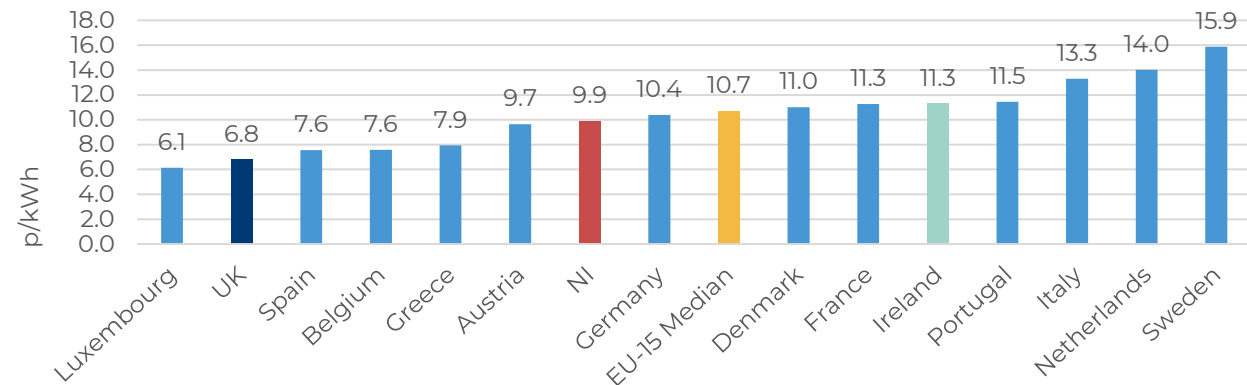
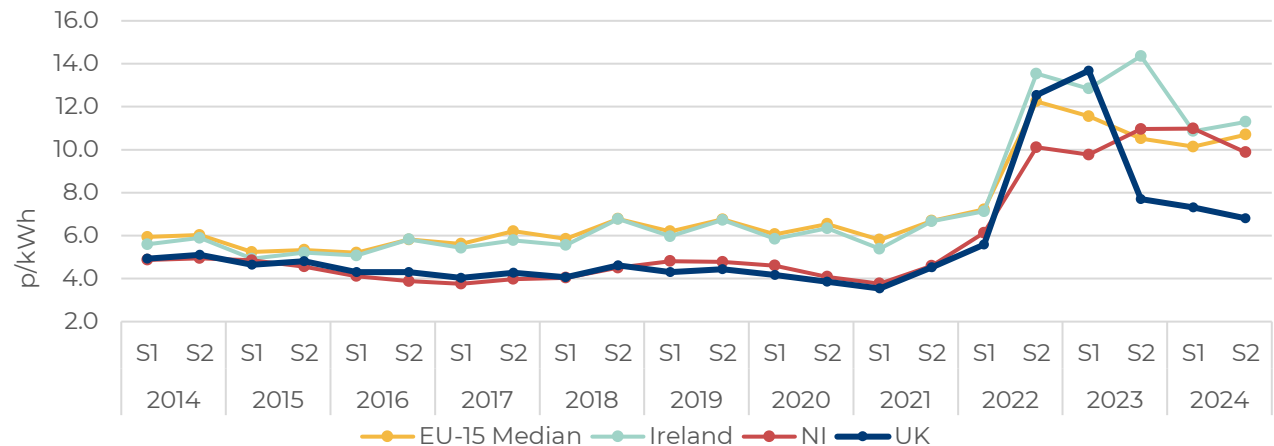


Figure 33: Medium domestic connections - unit price over time²⁵



Data source: Eurostat, DESNZ and NI gas suppliers collated by UR

²³ Various governments across the EU have taken different actions to mitigate against rising energy costs. This Eurostat article provides some information on the measures implemented for domestic electricity consumers – [link](#).

²⁴ The pricing data relates to the period end Q4 2024 (S2 July - December 2024). This is due to the timing of the availability of pricing data from Eurostat, DESNZ and Suppliers

²⁵ UK data was revised values for UK 2024 S1

6.3 **I&C price comparison with EU:** The graphs below show I&C gas prices. Similar to the electricity prices above they use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) but exclude VAT, as VAT is a refundable expense for many businesses. This reflects the final prices paid by I&C customers. We also amalgamate the two largest categories of annual consumption (medium and large connections) to avoid any confidentiality issues in sectors where there are a small number of customers and suppliers involved.

6.4 During semester 2 2024 (July - December), the NI prices in the very small I&C category were above the EU median and Ireland but below the UK (c86% of I&C connections in NI are in this size category). During the same period, for the medium and large I&C category, NI gas prices were above the UK, Ireland and the EU.

Figure 35: Small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

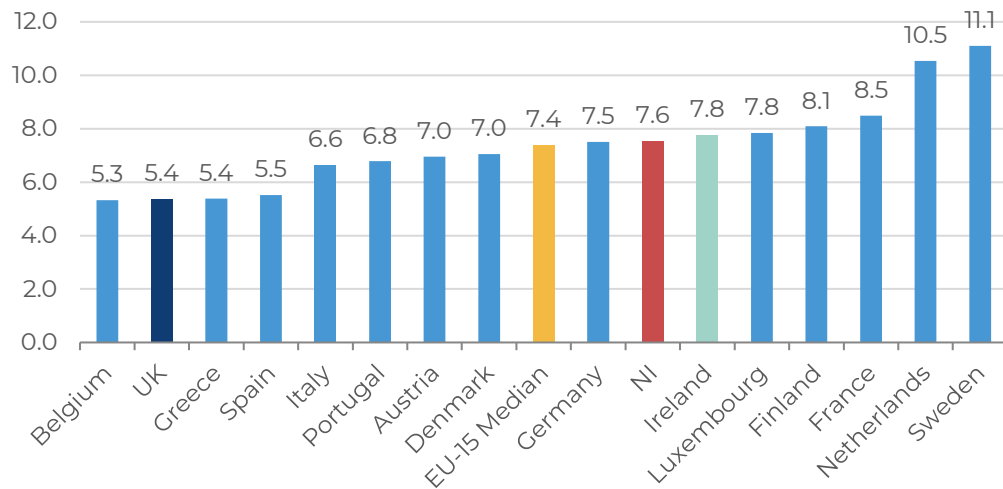


Figure 34: Very small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

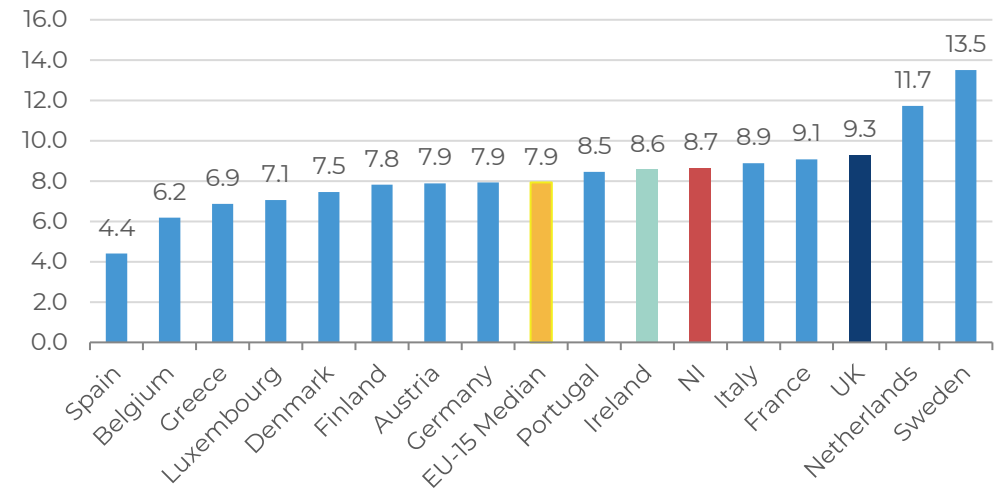
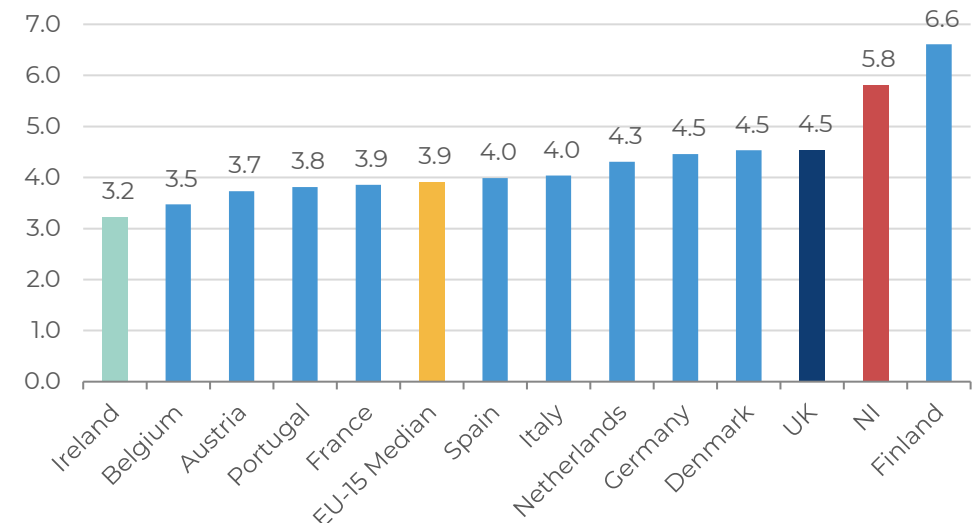


Figure 36: Medium and large connections prices* excl. VAT, incl. other taxes



Data source: Eurostat, DESNZ and NI gas suppliers collated by UR
 *The prices data for medium and large connections for Sweden, Luxembourg, and Greece was categorised as "confidential" on Eurostat for Semester 2 2024

Annex A: Background & Sources

Purpose, methodology and data sources

The framework in which this quarterly report lies is called Retail Energy Market Monitoring (REMM) which was introduced in 2015. The ultimate objective of introducing this enhanced framework was to develop the current monitoring of retail indicators, and to provide increased transparency in the retail energy markets in NI.

The main data sources for this report are as follows:

1. Connections and consumption, market shares and market activity information are provided by the network companies:
2. Northern Ireland Electricity Networks (NIEN) for electricity data; and
3. Phoenix Natural Gas Limited (PNGL), firmus energy (Distribution) Limited (feDL) and Evolve Networks for gas data.

EU domestic and I&C electricity prices are from Eurostat and the Department for Energy Security and Net Zero (DESNZ). NI domestic and I&C electricity prices are derived directly from REMM data submitted by suppliers. NI domestic gas prices are also derived from REMM data submitted by suppliers.

Electricity pricing

For the electricity prices section, we follow Eurostat's format and methodology. As a result, the average prices for NI are comparable with prices in other EU countries (those published in the DESNZ's Quarterly Energy Prices reports²⁶ and Eurostat data base²⁷) once these figures have been converted to GBP (Note: from 01 January 2021, DESNZ no longer provide pricing data to Eurostat. Therefore, the UK figures reported in the pricing graphs have been obtained directly from DESNZ publicised data).

The base figures are all submitted on a quarterly basis by suppliers, split by domestic and non-domestic (I&C). The UR performs a high-level reasonableness check of the base figures, but the suppliers are responsible for the accuracy of the information that is provided to the UR. The base figures are as follows:

²⁶ <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/quarterly-energy-prices>

²⁷ <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/energy/data/database>

1. **Volume** of electricity sold to consumers.
2. The **value**, or revenue gained from the sale, split into three categories: excluding all taxes, excluding VAT, and including all taxes.
3. The **number** of customers supplied in that particular size category.

The volume and value are used to calculate a NI quarterly average value per size band. This value per unit (per size band) is what we refer to in this paper as “price”. For clarity we do not receive from suppliers the actual price paid by their customers. Instead, we calculate the average value or revenue collected per unit in that particular size category, as per the Eurostat methodology.

As the Eurostat figures are published on a semester basis (semester 1 (S1) January to June and semester 2 (S2) July to December) we therefore average the two relevant quarters to obtain the comparable six-month period for NI.

It should be noted that the comparability of the derived NI prices to the other Member States can be greatly affected by fluctuations in the Euro GBP exchange rate. For the purposes of tariff comparisons, we convert the EU tariff data from Euro to GBP using the monthly average exchange rate applicable for the semester (published by Eurostat). Therefore, tariff movements and comparisons between NI and other Member States can be impacted by both an increase and decrease in a tariff and/or also by any variation in exchange rates.

Gas pricing

The gas prices section also follows the Eurostat format and methodology (as outlined in Electricity Prices). As a result, the average prices for NI are comparable with prices in other EU countries (those published in DESNZ's Quarterly Energy Prices reports²⁸ and Eurostat data base²⁹) once these figures have been converted to GBP.

Electricity wholesale market monitoring data

Readers should also be aware of the Monthly Market Monitoring Report which provides an overview of the SEM and sets out recent trends in the market in relation to pricing, demand, scheduling and contract prices. It focuses in particular on the wholesale element of electricity prices, which makes up roughly 60% of customers' bills. These reports³⁰ are prepared by the Market Monitoring Unit (MMU) within the UR in joint collaboration with the Commission for Regulation of Utilities (CRU).

²⁸ www.gov.uk/government/collections/quarterly-energy-prices

²⁹ <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/energy/data/database>

³⁰ The latest SEM market monitoring report is [here](#)

Northern Ireland gas markets

The gas distribution network licensees are responsible for the medium and low-pressure mains that convey to the licensed areas throughout Northern Ireland. There are three Distribution Network Operators³¹ (DNOs) who operate in separate distribution areas as follows:

1. firmus energy (Distribution) Ltd (feDL) from the North West through the Central region to the Southern areas of Northern Ireland;
2. Phoenix Natural Gas Ltd (PNGL) mainly Greater Belfast, Larne and an extension into East Down; and
3. Evolve Network Ltd (formerly SGN Natural Gas Ltd) in the West of Northern Ireland.

Each DNO owns and manages the natural gas distribution network in their distribution area. Those companies who supply gas (suppliers) pay the relevant DNO a fee to transport natural gas and then sell it straight to the consumer. Although a DNO is responsible for making sure the natural gas reaches individual homes, it is the responsibility of the gas supplier to bill consumers for the gas they use.

Contacts

For further information contact:

Retail Energy Market Monitoring Inbox

Email: REMM.Reporting@uregni.gov.uk

³¹ [Natural Gas NI – Natural Gas Network Operators and Suppliers](#)

Annex B: Supplier entry to NI retail markets

The tables below set out the dates that each supplier entered the retail market sectors.

Electricity		Gas: Greater Belfast ³²	
Domestic	Incumbent supplier: Power NI June 2010: SSE Airtricity June 2009: firmus supply June 2011: Budget Energy October 2011: Electric Ireland October 2015: Click Energy October 2015: Open Electric December 2016: Open Electric ceased supply October 2019: Go Power November 2020: Bright Energy January 2022: Bright Energy ceased supply September 2024: Share Energy	Domestic	Incumbent supplier since September 1996: SSE Airtricity ³³
		I&C	Incumbent supplier since September 1996: SSE Airtricity September 2008: firmus energy March 2009: Vayu (Naturgy as of 29 th November 2018) (Flogas Enterprise Solutions Ltd as of 20 th December 2021) May 2013: Electric Ireland August 2014: Go Power December 2014: Flogas
		Gas: Ten Towns ³⁴	
I&C	Incumbent supplier: Power NI July 1999: ESB Independent Energy (NI) t/a Electric Ireland August 1999: Energia January 2008: SSE Airtricity April 2009: firmus supply ³⁵ July 2011: Budget Energy February 2012: VAYU (Naturgy as of 29 th November 2018) (Flogas Enterprise Solutions Ltd as of 20 th December 2021) April 2012: Go Power October 2015: Click Energy April 2018: 3T Power October 2019: Energia supply business transferred to Power NI September 2024: Share Energy	Domestic	Incumbent supplier since 2005: firmus
		I&C	Incumbent supplier since 2005: firmus January 2013: SSE Airtricity May 2015: Flogas June 2015: Go Power January 2017: Vayu (Naturgy as of 29 th November 2018) (Flogas Enterprise Solutions Ltd as of 20 th December 2021) April 2017: Electric Ireland
		Gas: West ³⁶	
		Domestic	July 2017 Designated Commissioning Supplier: SSE Airtricity
		I&C	January 2017: Electric Ireland July 2017: SSE Airtricity January 2018: Flogas Q1 2019: firmus energy Q3 2019: Go Power

³² The Greater Belfast area is defined in Schedule 1 of the Phoenix Natural Gas Limited conveyance licence.

³³ Formerly Phoenix Supply Ltd (PSL).

³⁴ The Ten Towns area is defined in Schedule 1 of the firmus energy (Distribution) Limited conveyance licence.

³⁵ Note that firmus supply left the electricity market at the end of 2015.

³⁶ The West area is defined in Schedule 1 of the Scotia Gas Networks Northern Ireland Ltd (Distribution) Limited conveyance licence.

Glossary

CCL	The Climate Change Levy (CCL) is a tax on electricity, gas and solid fuels delivered to I&C consumers. Its objective is to encourage businesses to reduce their energy consumption or use energy from renewable sources. The rate changes every year.	Ofgem	Office of the Gas and Electricity Markets
CoS	Change of supplier	PNGL	Phoenix Natural Gas Limited
EU	European Union	Q	Quarter. In this report, Q refers to the calendar year (i.e. Q1 refers to the quarter January-March).
Eurostat	Statistical office of the EU. Its task is to provide the EU with statistics at European level that enable comparisons between countries and regions	QTRs	Quarterly Transparency Reports published by the UR at the end of the second month after each calendar quarter (at the end of Feb, May, Aug and Nov).
feDL	firmus energy (Distribution) Limited	REMM	Retail Energy Market Monitoring
firmus energy	firmus energy (Supply) Limited	SEM	Single Electricity Market
GB	Great Britain	SGN NG	SGN Natural Gas
GBP	Great British Pound	S1	Semester 1
I&C	Industrial and Commercial	S2	Semester 2
kWh	Kilowatt hour. Unit of energy equivalent to one kilowatt (1kW) of power expended for one hour (1h) of time. 1,000kWh = 1MWh. 1,000MWh = 1GWh.	UR	Utility Regulator
NI	Northern Ireland	VAT	Value Added Tax
NIEN	Northern Ireland Electricity Networks	UK	United Kingdom