# QUARTERLY RETAIL ENERGY MARKET MONITORING REPORT

Period: 1 April to 30 June 2025

**Published: 30 September 2025** 



# **About the Utility Regulator**

The Utility Regulator is the independent non-ministerial government department responsible for regulating Northern Ireland's electricity, gas, water and sewerage industries, to promote the short and long-term interests of consumers.

We are not a policy-making department of government, but we make sure that the energy and water utility industries in Northern Ireland are regulated and developed within ministerial policy as set out in our statutory duties.

We are governed by a Board of Directors and are accountable to the Northern Ireland Assembly through financial and annual reporting obligations.

We are based at Millennium House in the centre of Belfast. The Chief Executive and two Executive Directors lead teams in each of the main functional areas in the organisation: CEO Office; Price Controls; Networks and Energy Futures; Markets; Consumer Protection and Enforcement. The staff team includes economists, engineers, accountants, utility specialists, legal advisors and administration professionals.

# Utility Regulator

#### OUR MISSION

To protect the short and long-term interests of consumers of electricity, gas and water.

#### OUR VISION

To ensure value and sustainability in energy and water.

#### OUR VALUES

#### **ACCOUNTABLE:**

We take ownership of our actions.

#### TRANSPARENT:

Ensuring trust through openness and honesty.

#### **COLLABORATIVE:**

Connecting and working with others for a shared purpose.

#### **DILIGENT:**

Working with care and rigour.

#### RESPECTFUL:

Treating everyone with dignity and fairness.

## **ABSTRACT**

The Quarterly Retail Energy Market Monitoring (QREMM) report is the latest of a series of Utility Regulator (UR) reports (previously known as the Quarterly Transparency Reports (QTRs)) that provide a range of information about the retail energy market in Northern Ireland (NI).

The data relates mainly to market shares, market activity and domestic prices in the electricity and gas retail markets. The data also includes information on non-domestic, or industrial and commercial (I&C), prices.

We collect and monitor market information through the Retail Energy Market Monitoring (REMM) framework.

The information shown in this report comes from network companies, suppliers, DESNZ (Department for Energy Security and Net Zero) and Eurostat. Some figures have been calculated internally.

## **AUDIENCE**

Electricity and gas industry, government departments, associations of consumers, regulators, statistical bodies, suppliers, potential new market entrants, consultants, researchers and journalists.

## **CONSUMER IMPACT**

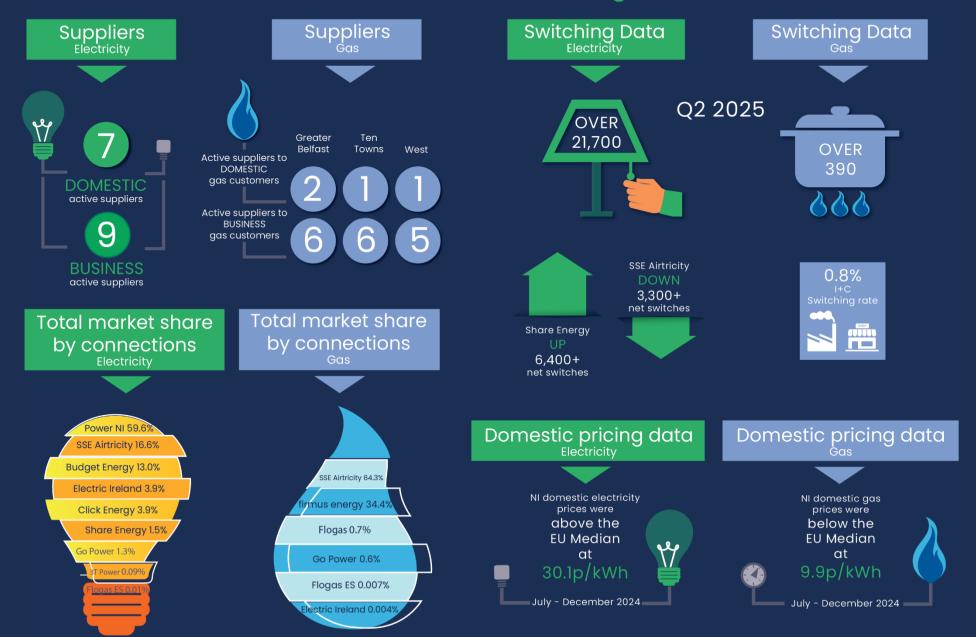
The information used to produce these reports allows us to monitor the retail market, flag potential concerns and to inform regulatory decisions. All of this directly impacts on consumers.

This report increases transparency for consumers on matters of their direct interest, such as the active suppliers in each energy market sector and NI prices compared against other jurisdictions.

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# Northern Ireland Retail Market Monitoring Quarter 2 2025





# 1. Key developments during Q2 2025

- 1. Overall electricity switching activity in Q2 2025 decreased from the previous quarter. Domestic customers continue to engage in the market with over 20,200 domestic switches completed during Q2 2025, a switching rate of 2.4% (a decrease from 2.6% in Q1 2025). The I&C sector electricity switching rate increased from 1.5% in Q1 2025 to 2.0% in Q2 2025.
- 2. In the gas sector, domestic switching in the Greater Belfast area saw c277 switches completed during Q2 2025 (a decrease from 442 in Q1 2025). I&C in NI saw an increase in switching activity from 0.6% in Q1 2025 to 0.8% in Q2 2025.
- **3.** The semester 2 (July to December) 2024 **electricity pricing**<sup>1</sup> data is sourced from Eurostat, DESNZ and individual supplier's submissions under the REMM framework. The pricing data for the period illustrates the following:
  - NI domestic electricity prices (30.1 p/kWh) were below Ireland (31.3 p/kWh) but above the UK (28.7 p/kWh) and the EU median (22.9 p/kWh).
  - The NI I&C electricity price for the Very Small connections (which represent c71% of I&C connections) was 28.5 p/kWh, which was lower than the UK (31.5 p/kWh) and Ireland (31.4 p/kWh) but higher than the EU median (22.7 p/kWh).
  - For Large and Very Large I&C customers (c0.03% of connections) NI prices (16.9 p/kWh) were slightly below Ireland (17.4 p/kWh) and significantly below the UK (24.9 p/kWh) but again higher than the EU median (10.6 p/kWh).
- **4.** The semester 2 (July December) 2024 gas pricing data is sourced from Eurostat, DESNZ and individual supplier's submissions under the REMM framework. The pricing data for the period illustrates the following:
  - NI domestic gas prices for NI (9.9 p/kWh) were below Ireland (11.3 p/kWh) and the EU (10.7 p/kWh). This was higher than the UK (6.8 p/kWh).
  - The NI I&C gas price for the Very Small connections was 8.7 p/kWh, which was above the EU median (7.9 p/kWh) and Ireland (8.6 p/kWh), but below the UK (9.3 p/kWh).
  - For Medium and Large I&C customers NI gas prices (5.8 p/kWh) were higher than the EU median (3.9 p/kWh) and Ireland (3.2 p/kWh), but below the UK (4.5 p/kWh).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pricing data within the QREMM: the unit prices provided include an average of all the tariffs offered by all suppliers, which could include 30+ from one supplier. When we publish comparison information within the regulated supplier tariff announcements, we use the standard domestic tariff. In addition, comparison dates will also need to be considered – for example the AREMM contains 2024 pricing data, whereas our most recent comparison included in the latest tariff reviews is correct from 1 October 2025.



## 2. Introduction

- 2.1 The purpose of this report is to deliver transparency for stakeholders and consumers, providing readers with readily accessible information on the evolution and performance of Northern Ireland (NI) electricity and natural gas retail sectors.
- This report is one of the tools we use to communicate some of the main indicators we monitor in the retail energy markets. We protect consumers by promoting effective competition wherever appropriate, and by monitoring the markets. Therefore, monitoring the retail markets is key when complying with our statutory duties<sup>2</sup>.

**Energy suppliers in NI market** 

				Network	Operator			
	NIE Ne	tworks	PN	GL <sup>3</sup>	Fel	DL <sup>4</sup>	Evolve (forr	merly SGN)⁵
	Elect	cricity		as Belfast	Gas Ten Towns		Gas West	
	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C	Dom	I&C
Budget Energy	<del>-</del> ;\$\docume{\phi}-	-;ੂੰ-						
Click Energy	<del>-</del> ఫ్టే-	- <del>`</del> \_						
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firmus energy			6	6	6	6		6
Flogas				6		6		6
Go Power	- <u>`</u>	-;ुं-		6		6		6
Power NI	<del>-</del> ఫ్టే-	<del>-</del> ఫ <del>ુ</del> -						
SSE Airtricity	-☆-	-¦ुं-	6	6		6	6	6
Flogas Enterprise Solutions <sup>6</sup>		-ৡ৾-		6		6		
3T Power		-`₽						
Share Energy	-;☆-	-;☆-						
Suppliers	7	9	2	6	1	6	1	5

Source: Utility Regulator

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Detail on the background to this report, information sources and methodology is contained in Annex A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Phoenix Natural Gas Ltd

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Firmus Energy (Distribution) Ltd

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Evolve Network, previously known as SGN up to September 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Flogas Enterprise Solutions, previously known as Naturgy Ltd.



- 2.3 The electricity and gas (in the Greater Belfast area) markets have been open to competition to domestic customers since 2007. However, there were no competing suppliers in the domestic market until 2010.
- The Ten Towns area opened to gas competition for large I&C customers (those consuming over 732,000 kWh per annum) in 2012, and to domestic and small I&C customers in 2015. The first gas connection to the West gas distribution area was a large I&C user during 2017.
- 2.5 During the second quarter of 2025 there were **nine** suppliers in the electricity market and **six** suppliers in the gas market although not all of these suppliers are certified to operate in all sectors (or in all gas distribution areas).
- The detail of the dates of entry for the suppliers in each of the retail market segments is available in Annex B of this report. For more information about the retail energy market in NI, please visit: <a href="https://www.uregni.gov.uk/supply.">https://www.uregni.gov.uk/supply.</a>

# 3. Electricity

## Electricity Q2 2025

**Total Electricity Connections** 

928,588

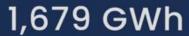


Domestic Electricity Pricing



July - December 2024

**Total Electricity Consumption** 





587.2 GWh Domestic Consumption

Domestic Credit = 334.2 GWh Domestic Prepayment = 253.0 GWh



1,091.4 GWh I&C Consumption

I&C <20 MWh = 75.1 GWh I&C 20 - 49 MWh = 82.3 GWh I&C 50 - 499 MWh = 270.6 GWh I&C 500 - 1,999 MWh = 185.4 GWh I&C 2,000 - 19,999 MWh = 282.7 GWh I&C > 20,000 MWh = 195.1 GWh

**Total Electricity Switches** 

21,757



#### **Total NI electricity market shares by connections**

- 3.1 The chart<sup>7</sup> to the right shows the percentage market share by connections<sup>8</sup> for each electricity supplier at the **end of June 2025**.
- 3.2 When looking at the electricity retail market as a whole by connections (domestic and I&C customers), Power NI, the incumbent supplier, has the leading position with 59.6% share of the market.
- 3.3 Electric Ireland announced on 9 May 2024 that they would be leaving the domestic electricity market<sup>9</sup>. Share Energy entered the market in September 2024.

Figure 1: Electricity market share by connections – total NI market

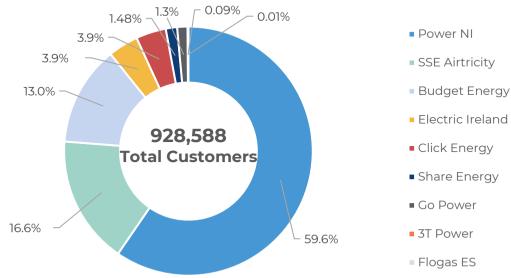


Table 1: Total electricity market share by connections

Market Segment	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Budget Energy	Electric Ireland	Click Energy	Go Power	3T Power	Flogas ES	Share Energy	Total Customers
Domestic credit	308,069	97,501	22,745	15,309	10,259	1,300	0	0	6,801	461,984
Domestic prepayment	208,631	43,256	96,458	11,384	23,297	0	0	0	6,812	389,838
I&C < 20 MWh	29,470	9,986	1,035	5,770	1,630	7,516	459	29	49	55,944
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	4,214	2,446	278	1,717	564	1,963	176	12	16	11,386
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	2,650	1,243	97	1,945	570	1,602	198	52	27	8,384
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	241	99	0	263	28	109	24	27	2	793
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	80	19	0	100	9	22	1	8	0	239
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	1	5	0	12	0	2	0	0	0	20
Total	553,356	154,555	120,613	36,500	36,357	12,514	858	128	13,707	928,588

Data source: Northern Ireland Electricity Network (NIEN)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Please note the percentages in the chart may not tally to 100% as the data labels for some suppliers are not labelled due to the size of their market share.

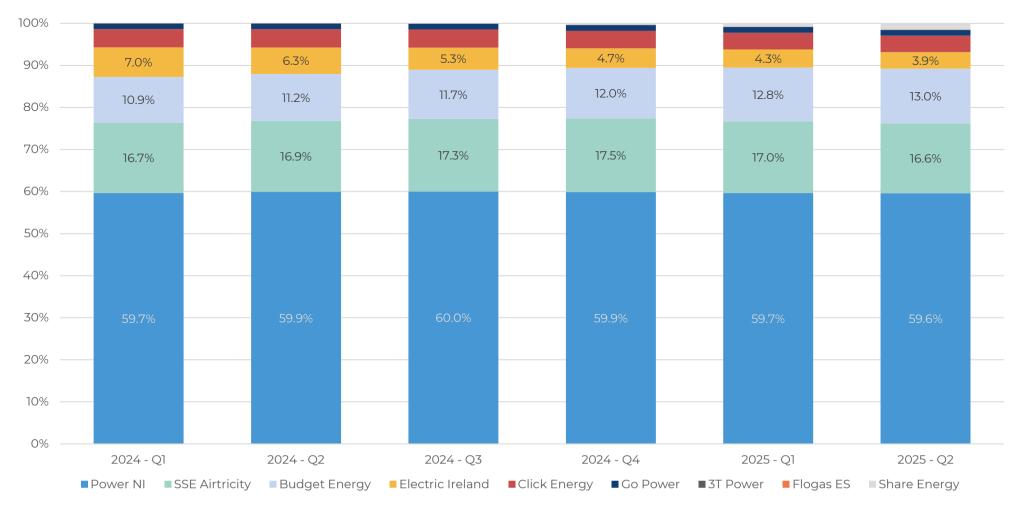
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Note that long-term vacant sites are not included in connection numbers, and that combined premises are included in the <20MWh category.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Electric Ireland pulls out of NI residential electricity market - BBC News



3.4 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by customer numbers) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

Figure 2: Electricity market share by connections (over time) – total NI market







## Total NI electricity market shares by consumption

- 3.5 The chart to the right shows the percentage market share by consumption for each electricity supplier for the period **April to June 2025.**
- 3.6 Electricity consumption in the NI retail market for Q2 2025 was 1,679 GWh.

Figure 3: Electricity market share by consumption – total NI market

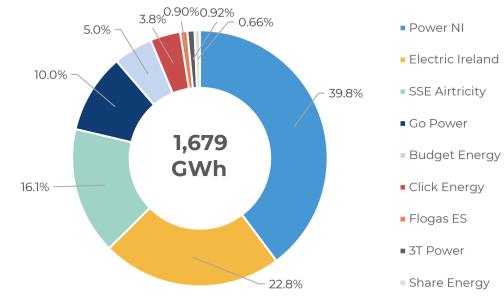


Table 2: Total electricity market share by consumption GWh)

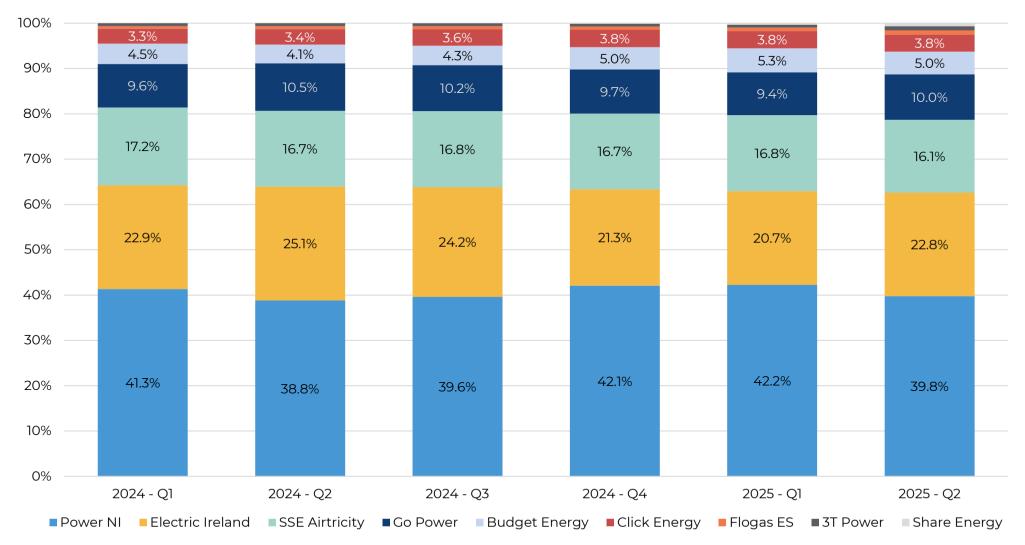
Market Segment	Power NI	Electric Ireland	SSE Airtricity	Go Power	Budget Energy	Click Energy	Flogas ES	3T Power	Share Energy	Total Consumption
Domestic credit	213.4	10.5	74.5	1.9	18.2	10.3	0.0	0.0	5.3	334.2
Domestic prepayment	139.4	6.7	25.2	0.0	60.5	16.8	0.0	0.0	4.4	253.0
I&C < 20 MWh	37.8	8.0	15.3	9.5	1.3	2.1	0.1	0.9	0.1	75.1
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	31.9	12.9	18.3	12.5	1.9	3.5	0.1	1.1	0.1	82.3
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	84.2	71.1	40.9	47.3	2.0	14.9	2.6	7.0	0.7	270.6
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	63.8	55.4	21.3	27.7	0.0	5.1	6.0	5.4	0.6	185.4
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	91.4	125.8	24.9	22.1	0.0	11.2	6.3	0.9	0.0	282.7
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	5.6	92.7	49.4	47.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	195.1
Total	667.6	383.1	269.9	168.4	84.0	64.0	15.1	15.4	11.2	1,678.6





3.7 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by consumption) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

Figure 4: Electricity market share by consumption (over time) - total NI market





#### Domestic electricity market analysis by connections

- 3.8 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the electricity domestic market, by connections.
- 3.9 The non-incumbents now represent 39.3% of total domestic connections in NI.

Figure 5: Electricity domestic market share (by connections) by market segment

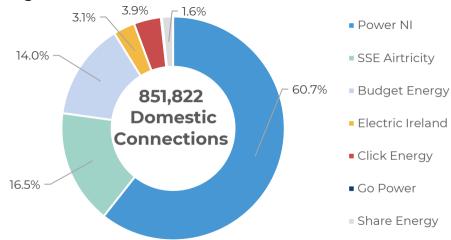
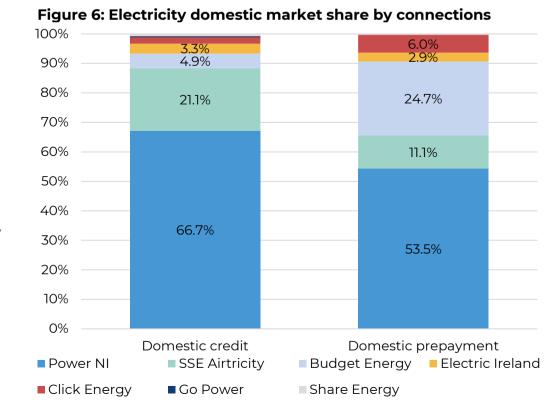


Table 3: Electricity domestic connections by market segment



Market Segment	Power	Power NI SSE Airtricity		Budget Energy Electric Ireland		Click Energy		Go Power		Share Energy		Total Customers				
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Domestic prepayment	208,631	40%	43,256	31%	96,458	81%	11,384	43%	23,297	69%	0	0%	6,812	50%	389,838	46%
Domestic credit	308,069	60%	97,501	69%	22,745	19%	15,309	57%	10,259	31%	1,300	100%	6,801	50%	461,984	54%
Total	516,700		140,757		119,203		26,693		33,556		1,300		13,613		851,822	





## I&C electricity market analysis by consumption

3.10 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the electricity I&C market, by consumption. I&C consumption for the period was 1,091.4 GWh.

Figure 7: Electricity I&C market share (by consumption) by market segment

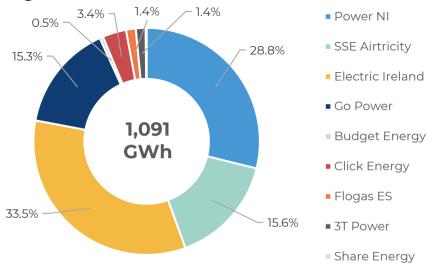
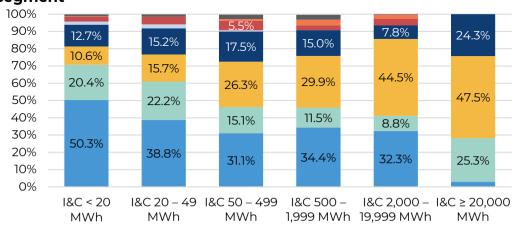


Figure 8: Electricity I&C market share (by consumption) by market segment



■3T Power

■ Electric Ireland ■ Go Power

Share Energy

Table 4: Electricity I&C consumption by market segment

Market Segment	Electric Ireland	Power NI	SSE Airtricity	Go Power	Click Energy	Flogas ES	3T Power	Budget Energy	Share Energy	Total Consumption
I&C < 20 MWh	8.0	37.8	15.3	9.5	2.1	0.1	0.9	1.3	0.1	75.1
I&C 20 – 49 MWh	12.9	31.9	18.3	12.5	3.5	0.1	1.1	1.9	0.1	82.3
I&C 50 – 499 MWh	71.1	84.2	40.9	47.3	14.9	2.6	7.0	2.0	0.7	270.6
I&C 500 – 1,999 MWh	55.4	63.8	21.3	27.7	5.1	6.0	5.4	0.0	0.6	185.4
I&C 2,000 – 19,999 MWh	125.8	91.4	24.9	22.1	11.2	6.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	282.7
I&C ≥ 20,000 MWh	92.7	5.6	49.4	47.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	195.1
Total	365.9	314.8	170.2	166.5	36.9	15.1	15.4	5.2	1.41	1,091.4

■ Power NI

■ Click Energy

■ SSE Airtricity

■ Flogas ES

Data source: NIEN

Budget Energy





#### Market activity - switching

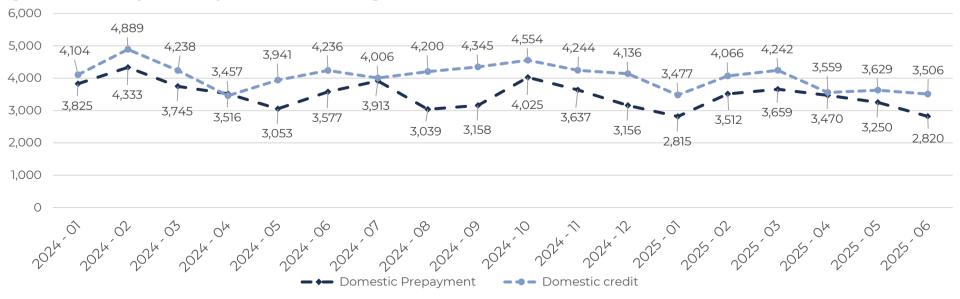
3.11 The table below shows the total market activity through changes of supplier (CoSs) on a quarterly basis for the domestic and I&C sectors including the quarterly switching rate<sup>10</sup>.

Table 5: Switching rate – total NI market

Quarter	2024 - Q1	2024 - Q2	2024 - Q3	2024 - Q4	2025 - Q1	2025 - Q2
No. of Switches	26,471	23,141	24,058	24,939	22,897	21,747
Switching rate (%)	2.9%	2.5%	2.6%	2.7%	2.5%	2.3%

3.12 The graph below shows the number of domestic switches, split by domestic credit and domestic prepayment on a monthly basis, followed by a table with the total domestic switches and domestic switching rate for the quarter.

Figure 9: Electricity - monthly domestic switching



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The switching rate percentages are calculated using the number of quarterly switches divided by the number of customers at the end of the quarter in the relevant market.







Table 6: Switching rate - domestic market

Quarter	2024 - Q1	2024 - Q2	2024 - Q3	2024 - Q4	2025 - Q1	2025 - Q2
No. of Switches	25,134	21,780	22,661	23,752	21,771	20,234
Switching rate (%)	3.0%	2.6%	2.7%	2.8%	2.6%	2.4%

3.13 The graph below shows the number of I&C switches on a monthly basis and the table details the total switches and switching rate for the quarter.

Figure 10: Electricity - monthly I&C switching



Table 7: Switching rate – I&C market

Quarter	2024 - Q1	2024 - Q2	2024 - Q3	2024 - Q4	2025 - Q1	2025 - Q2
No. of Switches	1,337	1,361	1,397	1,187	1,126	1,513
Switching rate (%)	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	1.5%	1.5%	2.0%



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# 4. Electricity pricing<sup>11</sup> - semester 2 2024

- 4.1 <u>Domestic price</u> comparison with EU: In the domestic graphs shown, we use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) and include VAT as this reflects the final prices paid by domestic customers. The medium sized domestic customers (annual consumption of between 2,500 and 4,999 kWh) have been selected for the purpose of analysis, as this consumption category reflects the majority of domestic customers in NI.
- 4.2 Figure 11<sup>12</sup> shows for semester 2 2024<sup>13</sup> (July December) the NI price was lower than Ireland, and higher than the EU median and UK.
- 4.3 Figure 12<sup>10</sup> shows the medium domestic connections unit price<sup>14</sup> (incl. all taxes) over the last five years compared to the EU median, UK and Ireland.
- 4.4 For semester 2 (July to December) 2024 the domestic electricity prices for NI (30.1 p/kWh) were below Ireland (31.3 p/kWh) but above the UK (28.7 p/kWh) and the EU median (22.9 p/kWh).

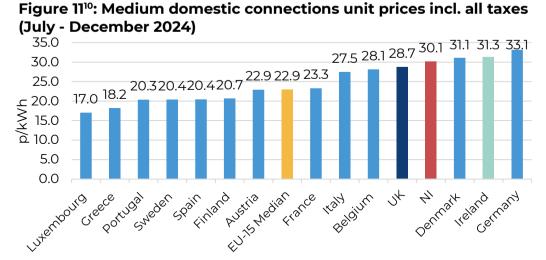
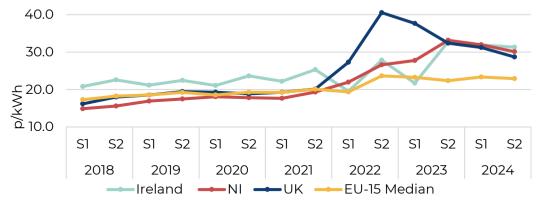


Figure 12<sup>10</sup>: Medium domestic connections - unit price over time



Data source: NI electricity suppliers, DESNZ, Eurostat and UR internal calculations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Pricing data within the QREMM: the unit prices provided include an average of all the tariffs offered by all suppliers, which could include 30+ from one supplier. When we publish comparison information within the regulated supplier tariff announcements, we use the standard domestic tariff. In addition, comparison dates will also need to be considered – for example the AREMM contains 2024 pricing data, whereas our most recent comparison included in the latest tariff reviews is correct from 1 October 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Please note data revised 14 August 2025

<sup>13</sup> The pricing data relates to the period end Q4 2024 (S2 July - December 2024). This is due to the timing of the availability of pricing data from Eurostat, DESNZ and Suppliers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Various governments across the EU have taken different actions to mitigate against rising energy costs. This Eurostat article provides some information on the measures implemented for domestic electricity consumers – link.

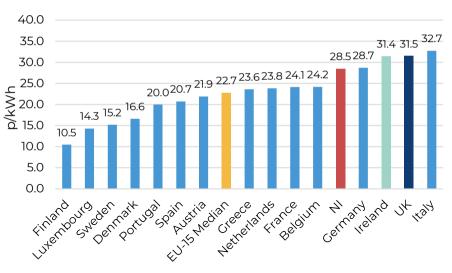


- 4.5 **I&C price comparison with EU**<sup>15</sup>: The graphs below show I&C electricity prices in the 15 EU<sup>16</sup> countries (converted to GBP) and in NI, per consumption size bands (following standard EU categorisation). The I&C graphs use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) but exclude VAT, as VAT is a refundable expense for many businesses. This reflects the final prices paid by I&C customers. We amalgamate the two largest categories of annual consumption (large and very large connections) to avoid any confidentiality issues in sectors where there are a small number of customers and suppliers involved.
- During semester 2 2024 (July December) the NI prices in the very small I&C category were higher than the EU median, but lower than Ireland and UK (c71% of I&C connections in NI are in this size category). During the same period, for the large and very large I&C customers (c0.02% of connections), NI prices were lower than the UK and Ireland, but higher than the EU median<sup>17</sup>.

Table 8: I&C connections and consumption end of Q4 2024

Size of Customer	Annual Consumption bands (MWh)	% of I&C connections	% of I&C consumption	I&C connection numbers	
Very small	< 20	70.9%	6.1%	54,318	
Small	20 – 499	27.7%	32.5%	21,233	
Small / Medium	500 – 1,999	1.0%	17.4%	790	
Medium	2,000 – 19,999	0.3%	28.2%	241	
Large & Very Large	>20,000	0.02%	15.8%	19	

Figure 13: Very small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Various governments across the EU have taken different actions to mitigate against rising energy costs. This Eurostat article provides some information on the measures implemented for non-domestic electricity consumers – link.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Some graphs do not include all 15 EU countries due to availability of data from Eurostat.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The pricing data relates to the period end Q4 2024 (S2 July - December 2024). This is due to the timing of the availability of pricing data from Eurostat, DESNZ and Suppliers

UR

Figure 14: Small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

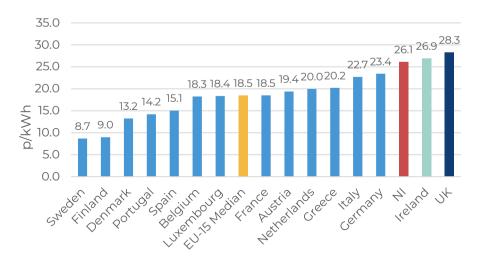


Figure 16: Medium connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

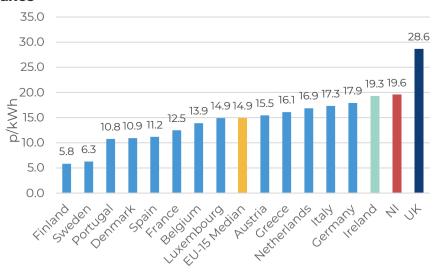


Figure 15: Small/medium connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

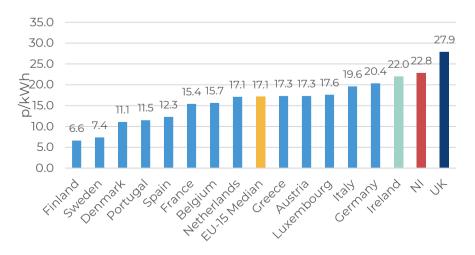
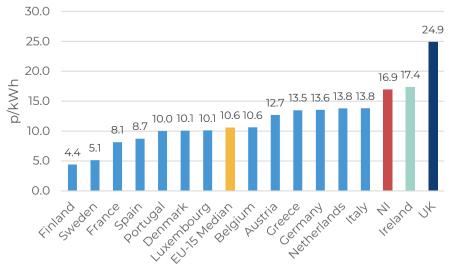


Figure 17: Large + very large connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes



Data source: NI electricity suppliers, DESNZ, Eurostat and UR internal calculations





4.7 The graphs below show the unit price over time for the two I&C groups (Small and Medium) which have the majority percentage share of I&C sector, by consumption.

Figure 18: Small I&C connections - unit price over time<sup>18</sup>

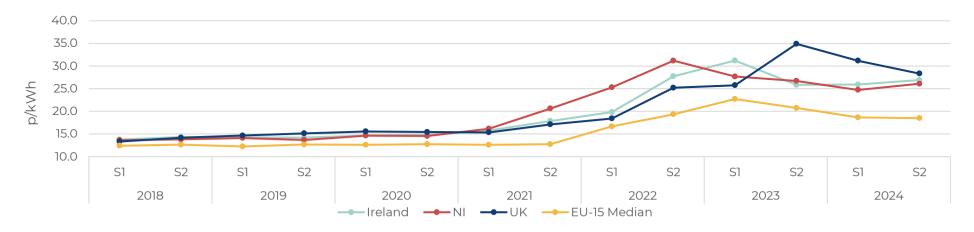
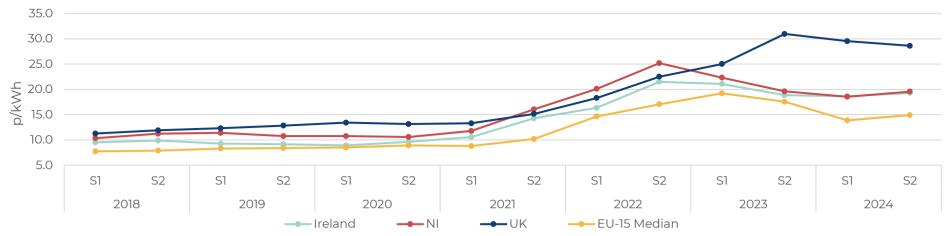


Figure 19: Medium I&C connections - unit price over time<sup>16</sup>



Source: NI electricity suppliers, DESNZ, Eurostat and UR internal calculations



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> UK data was revised values for UK 2024 S1

5. Gas

Gas Q2 2025

**Total Gas Connections** 

339,233

**Total Gas Consumption** 

1,256,285 MWh

West Connections 4,999

Consumption 214,358 MWh

G. Belfast Connections 259,172

Consumption 684,839 MWh

Connections 75,062

Consumption 357,087 MWh

Ten Towns

**Total Gas Switches** 

398

Domestic Gas Pricing

9.9 p/kWh

July - December 2024



#### Total gas NI market share by connections

5.1 This section provides information on the total connection numbers in NI, by supplier, in all three-distribution areas. The market shares in terms of connections<sup>19</sup> are as at the **end of June 2025.** 

Figure 20: Gas market share by distribution license area by connections

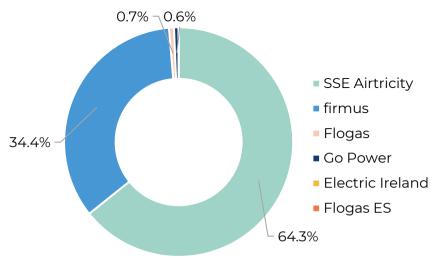
22.1%

G.Belfast

Ten Towns

West

Figure 21: Gas market share by supplier by connections



**Table 9: Gas market share by connections** 

Distribution License Area	Market Segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Electric Ireland	Total Connections
G.Belfast	<b>Domestic Only</b>	207,411	40,044	2	6	0	0	247,463
G.Belfast	I&C Only	5,633	2,623	1,740	1,686	20	7	11,709
Ten Towns	<b>Domestic Only</b>	0	71,914	0	0	0	0	71,914
Ten Towns	I&C Only	87	2,019	586	445	6	5	3,148
West	<b>Domestic Only</b>	4,859	0	0	0	0	0	4,859
West	I&C Only	23	62	31	22	0	2	140
Total		218,013	116,662	2,359	2,159	26	14	339,233

Data source: PNGL/FeDL/Evolve



<sup>19</sup> Please note the percentages in the chart may not tally to 100% as the data labels for some suppliers are not reflected due to the size of their market share.



## Total gas NI market share by consumption

5.2 The pie chart below shows the total gas consumption in NI for the period **April to June 2025**, with a breakdown by distribution area.

Figure 22: Gas market share by distribution license area by consumption

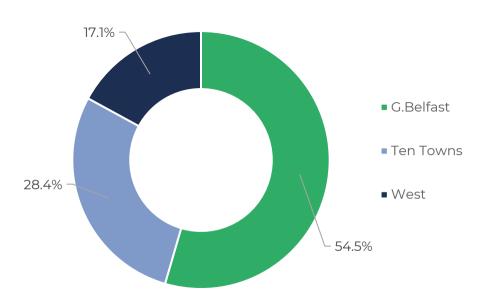


Figure 23: Gas market share by supplier by consumption

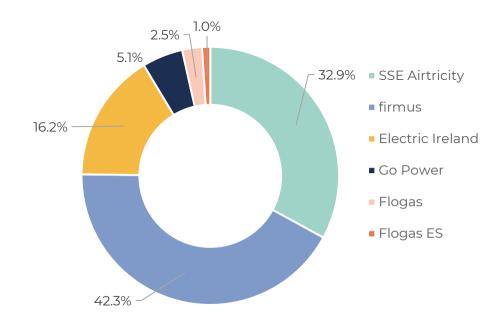


Table 10: Gas market share by consumption (MWh)

Distribution Licensed Area	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Electric Ireland	Total Consumption
G.Belfast	320,797	246,382	21,124	41,148	8,739	46,649	684,839
Ten Towns	46,397	250,879	8,382	22,232	4,139	25,058	357,087
West	46,563	33,591	1,765	789	0	131,650	214,358
Total	413,758	530,852	31,271	64,170	12,878	203,356	1,256,285

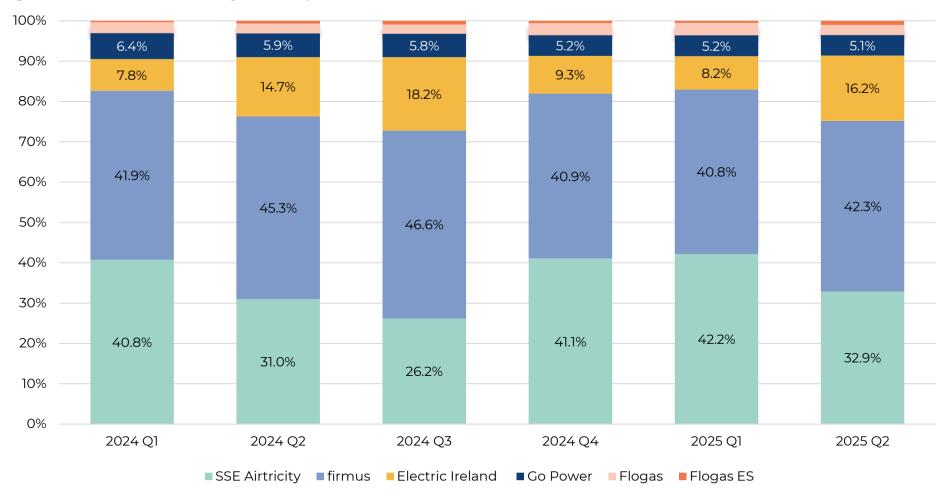
Data source: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve





5.3 The bar chart below shows the trends in the market shares (by consumption) for each active domestic and I&C supplier in NI for the previous six quarters.

Figure 24: Gas market share by consumption over time - total NI market



Data source: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve





#### Domestic and small I&C analysis by connections

This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the gas **domestic and small I&C sector**<sup>20</sup>, by connections (at the end of June 2025).

Figure 25: Domestic and small I&C market shares by connections

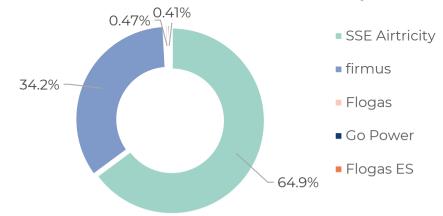
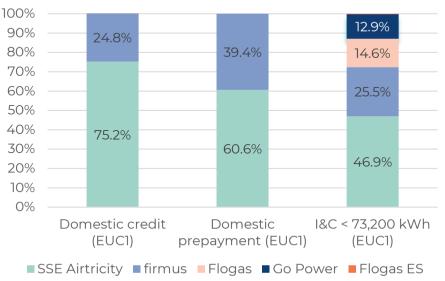


Table 11: Domestic and small I&C analysis by connections

Figure 26: Domestic and small I&C connections by market segment



Distribution Licensed Area	Market Segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Total Connections
G.Belfast	Domestic credit (EUC1)	79,607	10,539	2	6	0	90,154
G.Belfast	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	127,804	29,505	0	0	0	157,309
<b>G.Belfast</b>	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	4,988	1,439	1,159	1,098	8	8,692
Ten Towns	Domestic credit (EUC1)	0	16,095	0	0	0	16,095
Ten Towns	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	0	55,819	0	0	0	55,819
Ten Towns	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	11	1,262	382	261	0	1,916
West	Domestic credit (EUC1)	1,338	0	0	0	0	1,338
West	Domestic prepayment (EUC1)	3,521	0	0	0	0	3,521
West	I&C < 73,200 kWh (EUC1)	15	24	20	15	0	74
Total		217,284	114,683	1,563	1,380	8	334,918

Data sources: PNGL/FeDL/Evolve



 $<sup>^{20}</sup>$  The domestic and small I&C sector relates to any customers using less than 73,200 kWh per annum.



## Medium and large I&C analysis by consumption

5.5 This section of the report provides a more detailed analysis of the gas **medium and large I&C sector**<sup>21</sup>, by consumption.

Figure 27: Medium and large I&C market share by consumption

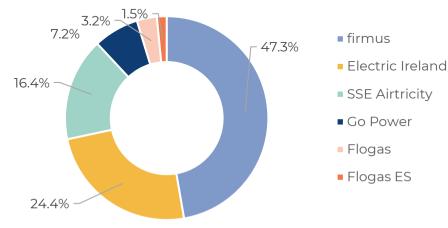


Figure 28: Medium and large I&C market share by market segment and consumption

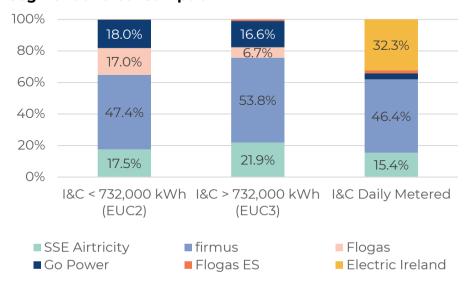


Table 12: Medium and large I&C analysis by consumption (MWh)

Distribution Licensed Area	Market Segment	SSE Airtricity	firmus	Flogas	Go Power	Flogas ES	Electric Ireland	Total Consumption
G.Belfast	I&C < 732,000 kWh (EUC2)	19,355	33,075	14,392	15,571	168	0	82,560
G.Belfast	I&C > 732,000 kWh (EUC3)	11,719	25,725	3,300	9,280	308	0	50,331
G.Belfast	I&C Daily Metered	17,948	136,538	0	13,200	8,246	46,649	222,581
Ten Towns	I&C < 732,000 kWh (EUC2)	1,496	22,830	5,606	5,727	62	0	35,721
Ten Towns	I&C > 732,000 kWh (EUC3)	6,489	17,660	1,554	4,588	520	0	30,810
Ten Towns	I&C Daily Metered	38,384	124,477	0	11,068	3,558	25,058	202,544
West	I&C < 732,000 kWh (EUC2)	67	628	254	141	0	0	1,091
West	I&C > 732,000 kWh (EUC3)	352	2,145	789	198	0	0	3,484
West	I&C Daily Metered	40,628	30,700	678	412	0	131,650	204,068
Total		136,438	393,778	26,574	60,184	12,861	203,356	833,192

Data sources: PNGL / FeDL / Evolve

X DATA DOWNLOAD

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> The medium and large I&C sector relates to any customers with annual consumption that is greater than or equal to 73,200 kWh per annum. The I&C Daily Metered sector relates to any customer with annual consumption that is greater than 2,196,000 kWh per annum.



## Market activity - switching

5.6 The graph below shows the market activity through changes of supplier (CoSs) on a quarterly basis in the NI gas market (domestic and I&C) across the three distribution areas. The table that follows shows the number of switches and switching rate<sup>22</sup> per guarter.

Figure 29: Gas - quarterly total change of supplier



Table 13: Switching rate – total NI market

Quarter	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2025 Q2
No. of switches	604	645	420	635	539	398
Switching rate (%)	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%

Data source: PNGL/FeDL/Evolve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> The switching rate percentages are calculated using the number of quarterly switches divided by the number of customers at the end of the quarter in the relevant market.



5.7 Greater Belfast is the only distribution area in which there is competition within the domestic credit and prepayment<sup>23</sup> sectors. The Figure below reflects the monthly change of customer numbers (gains), per market segment within the domestic sector. The table shows the total domestic gains and switching rate per guarter.

Figure 30: Gas - monthly domestic switches (G.Belfast)

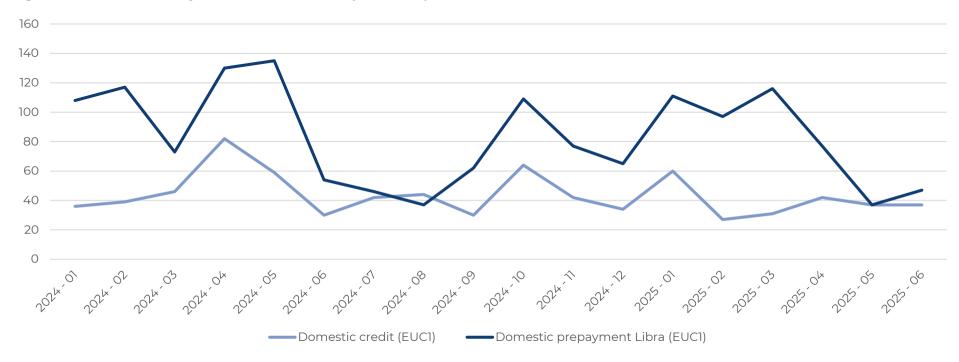


Table 14: Switching rate - domestic market (G. Belfast only)

Quarter	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2025 Q2
No. of switches	419	490	261	391	442	277
Switching rate (%)	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%

Data source: PNGL

X DATA DOWNLOAD

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Note that prepayment switches, within the domestic sector, include switches back to the previous supplier in cases where the customer has not taken the required action to complete their switch.



5.8 The Figure below reflects the monthly change of customer numbers (gains), within the I&C sector across the three gas distribution areas. The table that follows shows the number of I&C switches and switching rate per quarter.

Figure 31: Gas I&C switches by distribution licensed area

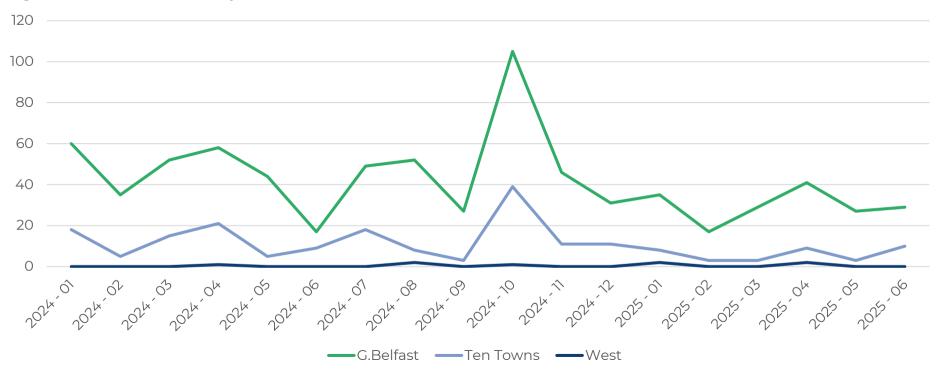


Table 15: Switching rate – I&C market

Quarter	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2025 Q2
No. of switches	185	155	159	244	97	121
Switching rate (%)	1.2%	1.0%	1.1%	1.6%	0.6%	0.8%

Data source: PNGL / FeDL /Evolve





# 6. Gas pricing $^{24}$ – semester 2 2024 $^{25}$

- 6.1 The pricing data detailed in this report is for the semester July December 2024 (S2 2024). In the domestic graph to the right, we use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) and include VAT, as this reflects the final prices paid by domestic customers. The medium sized domestic customers (annual consumption between 5,557 55,557 kWh) have been selected for the purpose of analysis, as this consumption category reflects the majority of domestic customers in NI.
- 6.2 The NI unit price is the average pence per kWh for medium customers for the Greater Belfast, Ten Towns and West network areas. For semester 2 2024 (July December), the NI domestic gas prices were lower than Ireland and the EU Median but higher than the UK<sup>26</sup>.

Figure 32: Medium domestic connections unit prices incl. all Taxes<sup>1</sup> (July - December 2024)

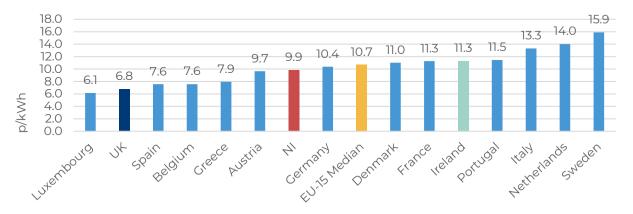
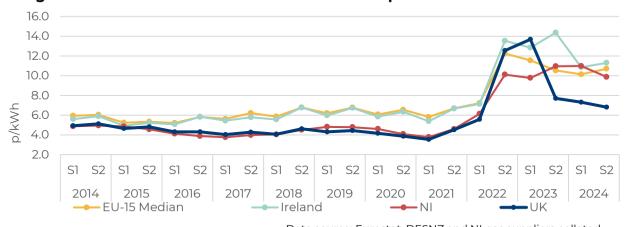


Figure 33: Medium domestic connections - unit price over time<sup>25</sup>



Data source: Eurostat, DESNZ and NI gas suppliers collated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> The pricing data relates to the period end Q4 2024 (S2 July - December 2024). This is due to the timing of the availability of pricing data from Eurostat, DESNZ and Suppliers



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Pricing data within the QREMM: the unit prices provided include an average of all the tariffs offered by all suppliers, which could include 30+ from one supplier. When we publish comparison information within the regulated supplier tariff announcements, we use the standard domestic tariff. In addition, comparison dates will also need to be considered – for example the AREMM contains 2024 pricing data, whereas our most recent comparison included in the latest tariff reviews is correct from 1 October 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Various governments across the EU have taken different actions to mitigate against rising energy costs. This Eurostat article provides some information on the measures implemented for domestic electricity consumers – link.



- 6.3 **I&C price comparison with EU**: The graphs below show I&C gas prices. Similar to the electricity prices above they use unit prices which include Climate Change Levy (CCL) but exclude VAT, as VAT is a refundable expense for many businesses. This reflects the final prices paid by I&C customers. We also amalgamate the two largest categories of annual consumption (medium and large connections) to avoid any confidentiality issues in sectors where there are a small number of customers and suppliers involved.
- During semester 2 2024 (July December), the NI prices in the very small I&C category were above the EU median and Ireland but below the UK (c86% of I&C connections in NI are in this size category). During the same period, for the medium and large I&C category, NI gas prices were above the UK, Ireland and the EU.

Figure 35: Small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

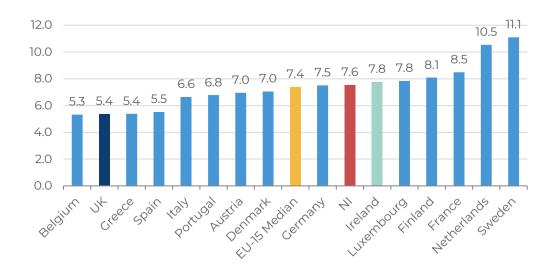


Figure 34: Very small connections prices excl. VAT, incl. other taxes

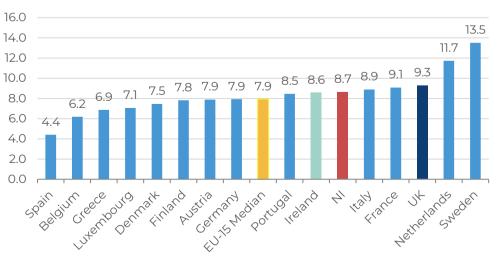
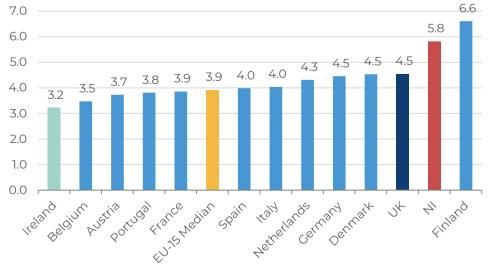


Figure 36: Medium and large connections prices\* excl. VAT, incl. other taxes



Data source: Eurostat, DESNZ and NI gas suppliers collated by UR

\*The prices data for medium and large connections for Sweden, Luxembourg, and Greece was categorised as "confidential" on Eurostat for Semester 2 2024



## **Annex A: Background & Sources**

#### Purpose, methodology and data sources

The framework in which this quarterly report lies is called Retail Energy Market Monitoring (REMM) which was introduced in 2015. The ultimate objective of introducing this enhanced framework was to develop the current monitoring of retail indicators, and to provide increased transparency in the retail energy markets in NI.

The main data sources for this report are as follows:

- 1. Connections and consumption, market shares and market activity information are provided by the network companies:
- 2. Northern Ireland Electricity Networks (NIEN) for electricity data: and
- 3. Phoenix Natural Gas Limited (PNGL), firmus energy (Distribution) Limited (feDL) and Evolve Networks for gas data.

EU domestic and I&C electricity prices are from Eurostat and the Department for Energy Security and Net Zero (DESNZ). NI domestic and I&C electricity prices are derived directly from REMM data submitted by suppliers. NI domestic gas prices are also derived from REMM data submitted by suppliers.

#### **Electricity pricing**

For the electricity prices section, we follow Eurostat's format and methodology. As a result, the average prices for NI are comparable with prices in other EU countries (those published in the DESNZ's Quarterly Energy Prices reports27 and Eurostat data base28) once these figures have been converted to GBP (Note: from 01 January 2021, DESNZ no longer provide pricing data to Eurostat. Therefore, the UK figures reported in the pricing graphs have been obtained directly from DESNZ publicised data).

The base figures are all submitted on a quarterly basis by suppliers, split by domestic and non-domestic (I&C). The UR performs a high-level reasonableness check of the base figures, but the suppliers are responsible for the accuracy of the information that is provided to the UR. The base figures are as follows:

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/quarterly-energy-prices
 http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/energy/data/database



- 1. **Volume** of electricity sold to consumers.
- 2. The **value**, or revenue gained from the sale, split into three categories: excluding all taxes, excluding VAT, and including all taxes.
- 3. The **number** of customers supplied in that particular size category.

The volume and value are used to calculate a NI quarterly average value per size band. This value per unit (per size band) is what we refer to in this paper as "price". For clarity we do not receive from suppliers the actual price paid by their customers. Instead, we calculate the average value or revenue collected per unit in that particular size category, as per the Eurostat methodology.

As the Eurostat figures are published on a semester basis (semester 1 (S1) January to June and semester 2 (S2) July to December) we therefore average the two relevant quarters to obtain the comparable six-month period for NI.

It should be noted that the comparability of the derived NI prices to the other Member States can be greatly affected by fluctuations in the Euro GBP exchange rate. For the purposes of tariff comparisons, we convert the EU tariff data from Euro to GBP using the monthly average exchange rate applicable for the semester (published by Eurostat). Therefore, tariff movements and comparisons between NI and other Member States can be impacted by both an increase and decrease in a tariff and/or also by any variation in exchange rates.

#### Gas pricing

The gas prices section also follows the Eurostat format and methodology (as outlined in Electricity Prices). As a result, the average prices for NI are comparable with prices in other EU countries (those published in DESNZ's Quarterly Energy Prices reports<sup>29</sup> and Eurostat data base<sup>30</sup>) once these figures have been converted to GBP.

#### **Electricity wholesale market monitoring data**

Readers should also be aware of the Monthly Market Monitoring Report which provides an overview of the SEM and sets out recent trends in the market in relation to pricing, demand, scheduling and contract prices. It focuses in particular on the wholesale element of electricity prices, which makes up roughly 60% of customers' bills. These reports<sup>31</sup> are prepared by the Market Monitoring Unit (MMU) within the UR in joint collaboration with the Commission for Regulation of Utilities (CRU).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> www.gov.uk/government/collections/quarterly-energy-prices

<sup>30</sup> http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/energy/data/database

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> The latest SEM market monitoring report is here



#### Northern Ireland gas markets

The gas distribution network licensees are responsible for the medium and low-pressure mains that convey to the licensed areas throughout Northern Ireland. There are three Distribution Network Operators<sup>32</sup> (DNOs) who operate in separate distribution areas as follows:

- 1. firmus energy (Distribution) Ltd (feDL) from the North West through the Central region to the Southern areas of Northern Ireland;
- 2. Phoenix Natural Gas Ltd (PNGL) mainly Greater Belfast, Larne and an extension into East Down; and
- 3. Evolve Network Ltd (formerly SGN Natural Gas Ltd) in the West of Northern Ireland.

Each DNO owns and manages the natural gas distribution network in their distribution area. Those companies who supply gas (suppliers) pay the relevant DNO a fee to transport natural gas and then sell it straight to the consumer. Although a DNO is responsible for making sure the natural gas reaches individual homes, it is the responsibility of the gas supplier to bill consumers for the gas they use.

#### **Contacts**

For further information contact:

**Retail Energy Market Monitoring Inbox** 

Email: REMM.Reporting@uregni.gov.uk

<sup>32 &</sup>lt;u>Natural Gas NI – Natural Gas Network Operators and Suppliers</u>

## **Annex B: Supplier entry to NI retail markets**

The tables below set out the dates that each supplier entered the retail market sectors.

	Electricity		Gas: Greater Belfast <sup>33</sup>			
Domestic	Incumbent supplier: Power NI	Domestic	Incumbent supplier since September 1996: SSE Airtricity <sup>34</sup>			
	June 2010: SSE Airtricity	I&C	Incumbent supplier since September 1996: SSE Airtricity			
	June 2009: firmus supply		September 2008: firmus energy			
	June 2011: Budget Energy		March 2009: Vayu (Naturgy as of 29 <sup>th</sup> November 2018) (Flogas			
	October 2011: Electric Ireland		Enterprise Solutions Ltd as of 20 <sup>th</sup> December 2021)			
	October 2015: Click Energy		May 2013: Electric Ireland			
	October 2015: Open Electric		August 2014: Go Power			
	December 2016: Open Electric ceased supply		December 2014: Flogas			
	October 2019: Go Power		Gas: Ten Towns <sup>35</sup>			
	November 2020: Bright Energy	Gas: Ten Towns <sup>33</sup>				
	January 2022: Bright Energy ceased supply	Domestic	Incumbent supplier since 2005: firmus			
	September 2024: Share Energy					
I&C	Incumbent supplier: Power NI	I&C	Incumbent supplier since 2005: firmus			
	July 1999: ESB Independent Energy (NI) t/a Electric Ireland		January 2013: SSE Airtricity			
	August 1999: Energia		May 2015: Flogas			
	January 2008: SSE Airtricity		June 2015: Go Power			
	April 2009: firmus supply <sup>36</sup>		January 2017: Vayu (Naturgy as of 29 <sup>th</sup> November 2018) (Flogas Enterprise Solutions Ltd as of 20 <sup>th</sup> December 2021)			
	July 2011: Budget Energy		April 2017: Electric Ireland			
	February 2012: VAYU (Naturgy as of 29th November 2018)	Gas: West <sup>37</sup>				
	(Flogas Enterprise Solutions Ltd as of 20 <sup>th</sup> December 2021)					
	April 2012: Go Power	Domestic	July 2017 Designated Commissioning Supplier: SSE Airtricity			
	October 2015: Click Energy	I&C	January 2017: Electric Ireland			
	April 2018: 3T Power		July 2017: SSE Airtricity			
	October 2019: Energia supply business transferred to Power		January 2018: Flogas			
	NI		Q1 2019: firmus energy			
	September 2024: Share Energy		Q3 2019: Go Power			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> The Greater Belfast area is defined in Schedule 1 of the Phoenix Natural Gas Limited conveyance licence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Formerly Phoenix Supply Ltd (PSL).

<sup>35</sup> The Ten Towns area is defined in Schedule 1 of the firmus energy (Distribution) Limited conveyance licence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Note that firmus supply left the electricity market at the end of 2015.

The West area is defined in Schedule 1 of the Scotia Gas Networks Northern Ireland Ltd (Distribution) Limited conveyance licence.

# Glossary

CCL	The Climate Change Levy (CCL) is a tax on electricity, gas and solid fuels delivered to I&C consumers. Its objective is to encourage businesses to reduce their energy consumption or use energy from renewable sources. The rate changes every year.	Ofgem	Office of the Gas and Electricity Markets
CoS	Change of supplier	PNGL	Phoenix Natural Gas Limited
EU	European Union	Q	Quarter. In this report, Q refers to the calendar year (i.e. Q1 refers to the quarter January-March).
Eurostat	Statistical office of the EU. Its task is to provide the EU with statistics at European level that enable comparisons between countries and regions	QTRs	Quarterly Transparency Reports published by the UR at the end of the second month after each calendar quarter (at the end of Feb, May, Aug and Nov).
feDL	firmus energy (Distribution) Limited	REMM	Retail Energy Market Monitoring
firmus energy	firmus energy (Supply) Limited	SEM	Single Electricity Market
GB	Great Britain	SGN NG	SGN Natural Gas
GBP	Great British Pound	S1	Semester 1
I&C	Industrial and Commercial	S2	Semester 2
kWh	Kilowatt hour. Unit of energy equivalent to one kilowatt (1kW) of power expended for one hour (1h) of time. 1,000kWh = 1MWh. 1,000MWh = 1GWh.	UR	Utility Regulator
NI	Northern Ireland	VAT	Value Added Tax
NIEN	Northern Ireland Electricity Networks	UK	United Kingdom